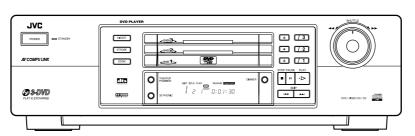
JVC

SERVICE MANUAL

DVD PLAYER

XV-M565BK/M567GD







Area suffix
XV-M565BK
EG Germany, France, Greece,
Nether lands, Switzerland
EN Northern Europe
ES Span , Italy
UF China
1U U.S Military

Area suffix XV-M567GD
A Australia
B U.K.
EG Germany , France , Greece ,
Nether lands, Switzerland
EN Northern Europe
ES Span , Italy
UF China
US Singapore
3U - Malaysia,Thailand,Philippines
4U Brazil , Mexico , Peru

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Safety precautions

- 1. This design of this product contains special hardware and many circuits and components specially for safety purposes. For continued protection, no changes should be made to the original design unless authorized in writing by the manufacturer. Replacement parts must be identical to those used in the original circuits. Services should be performed by qualified personnel only.
- 2. Alterations of the design or circuitry of the product should not be made. Any design alterations of the product should not be made. Any design alterations or additions will void the manufacturer's warranty and will further relieve the manufacture of responsibility for personal injury or property damage resulting therefrom.
- 3. Many electrical and mechanical parts in the products have special safety-related characteristics. These characteristics are often not evident from visual inspection nor can the protection afforded by them necessarily be obtained by using replacement components rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc. Replacement parts which have these special safety characteristics are identified in the Parts List of Service Manual. Electrical components having such features are identified by shading on the schematics and by (△) on the Parts List in the Service Manual. The use of a substitute replacement which does not have the same safety characteristics as the recommended replacement parts shown in the Parts List of Service Manual may create shock, fire, or other hazards.
- 4. The leads in the products are routed and dressed with ties, clamps, tubings, barriers and the like to be separated from live parts, high temperature parts, moving parts and/or sharp edges for the prevention of electric shock and fire hazard. When service is required, the original lead routing and dress should be observed, and it should be confirmed that they have been returned to normal, after re-assembling.
- 5. Leakage currnet check (Electrical shock hazard testing)
 After re-assembling the product, always perform an isolation check on the exposed metal parts of the product (antenna terminals, knobs, metal cabinet, screw heads, headphone jack, control shafts, etc.) to be sure the product is safe to operate without danger of electrical shock.

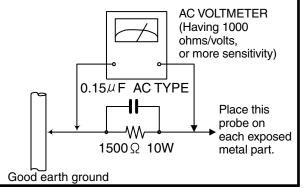
 Do not use a line isolation transformer during this check.
 - ◆ Plug the AC line cord directly into the AC outlet. Using a "Leakage Current Tester", measure the leakage current from each exposed metal parts of the cabinet, particularly any exposed metal part having a return path to the chassis, to a known good earth ground. Any leakage current must not exceed 0.5mA AC (r.m.s.)
 - Alternate check method

Plug the AC line cord directly into the AC outlet. Use an AC voltmeter having, 1,000 ohms per volt or more sensitivity in the following manner. Connect a 1,500 \(\Omega\) 10W resistor paralleled by

a 0.15 $\mu {\rm F}$ AC-type capacitor between an exposed metal part and a known good earth ground.

Measure the AC voltage across the resistor with the AC voltmeter.

Move the resistor connection to each exposed metal part, particularly any exposed metal part having a return path to the chassis, and meausre the AC voltage across the resistor. Now, reverse the plug in the AC outlet and repeat each measurement. voltage measured Any must not exceed 0.75 V AC (r.m.s.). This corresponds to 0.5 mA AC (r.m.s.).



Warning

- 1. This equipment has been designed and manufactured to meet international safety standards.
- 2. It is the legal responsibility of the repairer to ensure that these safety standards are maintained.
- 3. Repairs must be made in accordance with the relevant safety standards.
- 4. It is essential that safety critical components are replaced by approved parts.
- 5. If mains voltage selector is provided, check setting for local voltage.

<u>AUTION</u> Burrs formed during molding may be left over on some parts of the chassis. Therefore, pay attention to such burrs in the case of preforming repair of this system.

Important for laser products

1.CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

- 2.DANGER: Invisible laser radiation when open and inter lock failed or defeated. Avoid direct exposure to beam.
- **3.CAUTION**: There are no serviceable parts inside the Laser Unit. Do not disassemble the Laser Unit. Replace the complete Laser Unit if it malfunctions.
- 4.CAUTION: The compact disc player uses invisible laserradiation and is equipped with safety switches whichprevent emission of radiation when the drawer is open and the safety interlocks have failed or are de feated. It is dangerous to defeat the safety switches.

5.CAUTION: If safety switches malfunction, the laser is able to function.

6.CAUTION: Use of controls, adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

↑ CAUTION Please use enough caution not to see the beam directly or touch it in case of an adjustment or operation check.

VARNING: Osynlig laserstrålning är denna del är öppnad och spårren är urkopplad. Betrakta ej strålen.

VARO : Avattaessa ja suojalukitus ohitettaessa olet alttiina näkymättömälle lasersäteilylle.Älä katso

säteeseen.

ADVARSEL: Usynlig laserstråling ved åbning, når sikkerhedsafbrydere er ude af funktion. Undgå

udsættelse for stråling.

ADVARSEL: Usynlig laserstråling ved åpning,når

sikkerhetsbryteren er avslott. unngå utsettelse

for stråling.

REPRODUCTION AND POSITION OF LABELS

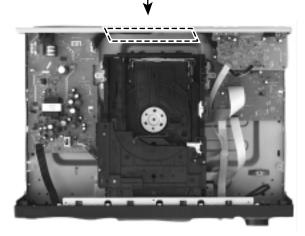
WARNING LABEL

DANGER: Invisible laser radiation when open and interlock or defeated.

AVOID DIRECT EXPOSURE TO BEAM

VARO: Avattaessa ja suojalukitus ohitettaessa olet alttiina näkymättömälle lasersäteilylle.Älä atso säteeseen

VARNING : Osynlig laserstrålning är denna del är öppnad och spårren är urkopplad. Betrakta ej strålen. (s) ADVARSEL :Usynlig laserstråling ved åbning , når sikkerhedsafbrydere er ude af funktion. Undgå udsættelse for stråling.



Preventing static electricity

Electrostatic discharge (ESD), which occurs when static electricity stored in the body, fabric, etc. is discharged, can destroy the laser diode in the traverse unit (optical pickup). Take care to prevent this when performing repairs.

1.1. Grounding to prevent damage by static electricity

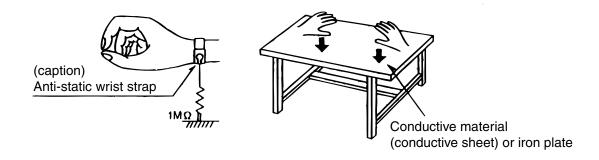
Static electricity in the work area can destroy the optical pickup (laser diode) in devices such as DVD players. Be careful to use proper grounding in the area where repairs are being performed.

1.1.1. Ground the workbench

1. Ground the workbench by laying conductive material (such as a conductive sheet) or an iron plate over it before placing the traverse unit (optical pickup) on it.

1.1.2. Ground yourself

1. Use an anti-static wrist strap to release any static electricity built up in your body.



1.1.3. Handling the optical pickup

- 1. In order to maintain quality during transport and before installation, both sides of the laser diode on the replacement optical pickup are shorted. After replacement, return the shorted parts to their original condition. (Refer to the text.)
- 2. Do not use a tester to check the condition of the laser diode in the optical pickup. The tester's internal power source can easily destroy the laser diode.

1.2. Handling the traverse unit (optical pickup)

- 1. Do not subject the traverse unit (optical pickup) to strong shocks, as it is a sensitive, complex unit.
- 2. Cut off the shorted part of the flexible cable using nippers, etc. after replacing the optical pickup. For specific details, refer to the replacement procedure in the text. Remove the anti-static pin when replacing the traverse unit. Be careful not to take too long a time when attaching it to the connector.
- 3. Handle the flexible cable carefully as it may break when subjected to strong force.
- 4. It is not possible to adjust the semi-fixed resistor that adjusts the laser power. Do not turn it

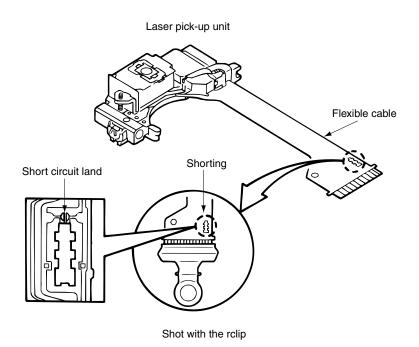
Dismantling and assembling the traverse unit

1. Notice regarding replacement of optical pickup

Electrostatic discharge (ESD), which occurs when static electricity stored in the body, fabric, etc. is discharged, can destroy the laser diode in the traverse unit (optical pickup). Take care to prevent this when performing repairs to the optical pickup or connected devices.

(Refer to the section regarding anti-static measures.)

- 1. Do not touch the area around the laser diode and actuator.
- 2. Do not check the laser diode using a tester, as the diode may easily be destroyed.
- 3. It is recommended that you use a grounded soldering iron when shorting or removing the laser diode. Recommended soldering iron: HAKKO ESD-compatible product
- 4. Solder the land on the optical pickup's flexible cable.
- Note: Short the land after shorting the terminal on the flexible cable using a clip, etc., when using an ungrounded soldering iron.
- Note: After shorting the laser diode according to the procedure above, remove the solder according to the text explanation.



Disassembly method

<Main body>

■ Removing the Top cover (See Fig.1)

- 1. Remove the two screws A attaching the top cover on the back of the body.
- 2. Remove the four screws B attaching the top cover on both sides of the body.
- 3. Pull the lower parts of the top cover sides and remove the top cover in the direction of the arrow.

$B \times 2$ $B \times 2$ Fig.1

Top cover

■ Removing the Front panel assembly (See Fig.2 to 5)

- Prior to performing the following procedure, remove the top cover.
- 1. Disconnect the harness from connector CN971 and CN972 on the power supply board.
- 2. Disconnect the card wire from connector CN703 on the system control board.
- 3. Remove the three screws C attaching the front panel assembly on the bottom of the body.
- 4. Release the joint a on the bottom and the two joints b on both sides of the body. Remove the front panel assembly toward the front.

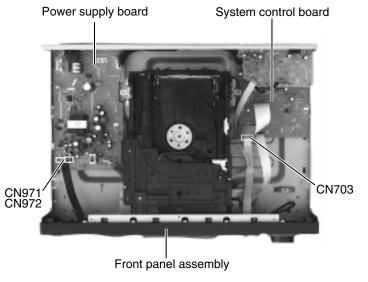


Fig.2

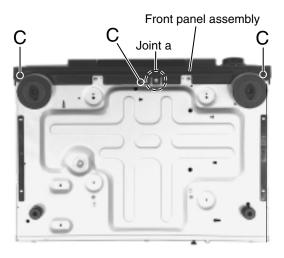
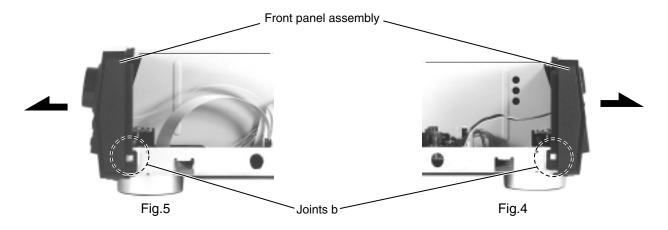
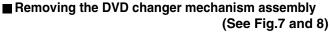


Fig.3

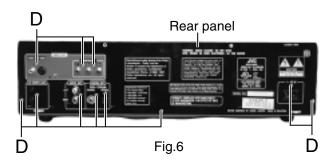


■ Removing the Rear panel (See Fig.6)

- Prior to performing the following procedure, remove the top cover.
- 1. Remove the eleven screws D attaching the rear panel on the back of the body and detach the rear panel.



- Prior to performing the following procedure, remove the top cover.
- The DVD changer mechanism assembly can be removed even if the front panel assembly is attached.
- 1. Remove the one screw E.
- 2. Disconnect the 9pin harness from connector CN961 on the power supply board.
- 3. Disconnect the card wire from connector CN601 on the video board.
- 4. Disconnect the card wires from connector CN701 and CN702 on the system control board.
- Remove the four screws F attaching the DVD changer mechanism assembly. Pull up the DVD changer mechanism assembly at an angle from the front panel assembly.



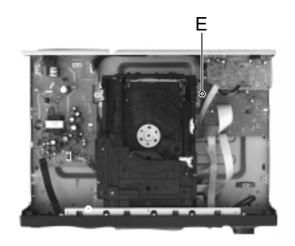
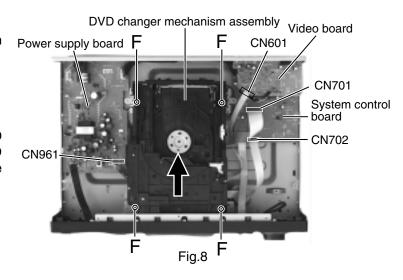


Fig.7



■ Removing the Power supply board (See Fig.9 and 10)

- Prior to performing the following procedure, remove the top cover.
- 1. Disconnect the harness from connector CN971 and CN972 on the regulator board (The harness is extending from the front panel assembly).
- 2. Disconnect the 9pin harness from connector CN961 on the power supply board (The harness is extending from the DVD changer mechanism assembly).
- 3. Disconnect the harness from connector CN951 and CN952 on the power supply board (The harness is extending from the system control board).
- 4. Remove the screw D attaching the AC jack on the rear panel.
- 5. Remove the two screws G attaching the power supply board and detach the power supply board.

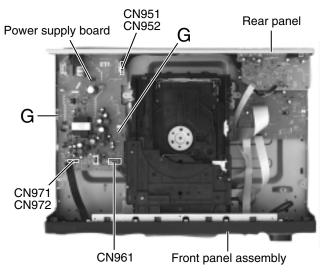


Fig.9

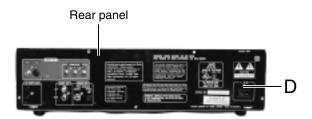


Fig.10

■ Removing the Video board (See Fig.11 and 12)

- Prior to performing the following procedure, remove the top cover.
- 1. Disconnect the card wire from connector CN601 on the video board (The card wire is extending from the DVD changer mechanism assembly).
- 2. Disconnect the harness from connector CN704 on the system control board (The harness is extending from the video board).
- 3. Remove the three screws D attaching the video board on the rear panel. Pull out the video board from the rear panel.

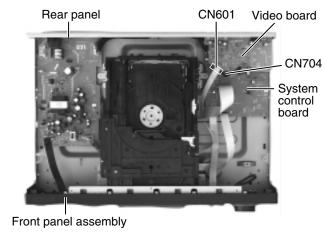


Fig.11

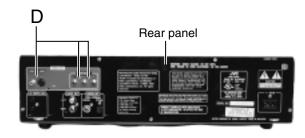


Fig.12

■Removing the System control board (See Fig.13 and 14)

- Prior to performing the following procedure, remove the top cover.
- The audio board can be removed even if the video Power supply board board is attached.
- 1. Disconnect the card wire from connector CN703 on the system control board (The card wire is extending from the front panel assembly).
- 2. Disconnect the card wire from connector CN701 and CN702 on the audio board (The card wires are extending from the DVD changer mechanism assembly).
- 3. Disconnect the harness from connector CN704 on the system control board (The harness is extending from the video board).
- 4. Disconnect the harness from connector CN951 and CN952 on the power supply board (The harness is extending from the system control board).
- 5. Remove the screw H attaching the system control board.
- 6. Remove the five screws D attaching the system control board on the rear panel. Pull out the system control board toward the front.

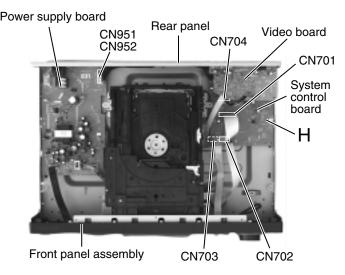
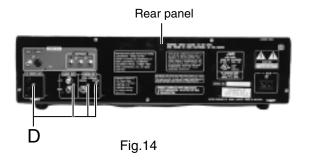


Fig.13



<Front panel assembly>

• Prior to performing the following procedure, remove the top cover and the front panel assembly.

■ Removing the Front board (See Fig.15)

- Remove the four screws I attaching the bracket on the back of the front panel assembly. Remove the bracket.
- 2. Unsolder the terminal FW802 of the harness connecting the FL indicator board and the volume board.
- 3. Remove the eight screws J and the FL indicator board.

■ Removing the Volume board (See Fig.16 and 17)

- 1. Pull out the shuttle knob on the front panel assembly.
- Unsolder the terminal FW802 on the back of the front panel assembly (The harness of FW802 is connecting the volume board and the FL indicator board).
- 3. Remove the three screws K and the volume board.

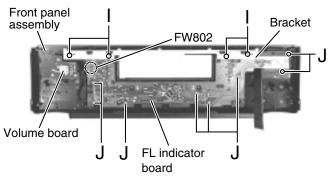


Fig.15

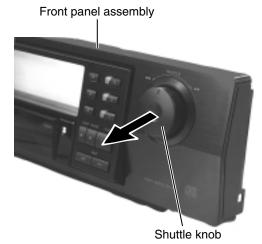


Fig.16

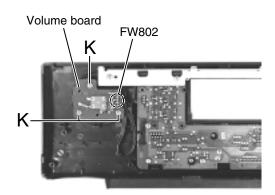


Fig.17

<DVD Changer Mechanism Assembly>

 Prior to performing the following procedure, remove the top cover and the DVD changer mechanism assembly.

■ Removing the traverse mechanism control board (See Fig.18)

- 1. Disconnect the card wire from connector CN101 on the traverse mechanism control board on the bottom of the DVD changer mechanism assembly.
- Remove the screw L attaching the traverse mechanism control board. Release the three parts e, f and g and remove the traverse mechanism control board.
- Disconnect the card wire from connector CN102 on the traverse mechanism control board.

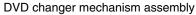
Ejecting the DVD (See Fig.19 and 20)

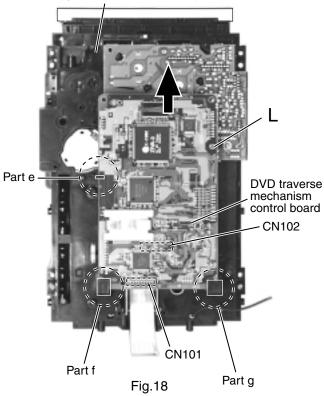
■When the DVD is set or the traverse mechanism is up.

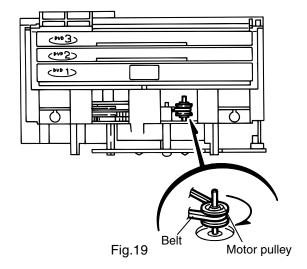
★ The DVD tray can not be ejected when the traverse mechanism is up.

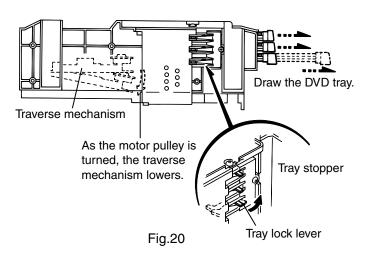
■Bringing down the traverse mechanism as shown in the Fig.20

- The motor pulley and the belt can be seen on the front side of the changer. Turn the motor pulley clockwise until the belt stops.
- 2. Pull the tray lock lever on the left side of the changer and draw the DVD tray.
- 3. Draw the DVD tray 1 to 3 as above.









<DVD Changer Mechanism Section>

■ Removing the DVD mechanism board (See Fig.1)

- 1. Remove the DVD mechanism assembly cover.
- 2. Remove the DVD changer mechanism assembly.
- From bottom side the DVD changer mechanism assembly, remove the one screw A retaining the DVD traverse mechanism control board.
- 4. Disconnect the card wire from the connectors CN101 and CN102 on the DVD traverse mechanism control board.
- Disengage the one engagement a and two engagements b, remove the DVD traverse mechanism control board.

■ Removing the DVD tray assembly (See Fig.2~4)

- 1. Remove the front panel assembly.
- 2. Remove the DVD changer mechanism assembly.
- 3. Remove the DVD traverse mechanism control board.
- 4. Remove the screw B retaining the Disc stopper

(See Fig.3).

- 5. Remove the three screws C retaining the T.bracket (See Fig.3).
- 6. From the clamper base section c, remove both of the edges fixing the rod(See Fig.2 and 3).
- 7. Remove the screw D retaining the clamper assembly (See Fig.3).
- 8. From the left side face of the chassis assembly, remove the one screw E retaining both of the return spring and lock lever(See Fig. 4).
- 9. By removing the pawl at the section d fixing the return spring, dismount the return spring(See Fig.4).
- 10. Remove the three lock levers(See Fig.4).

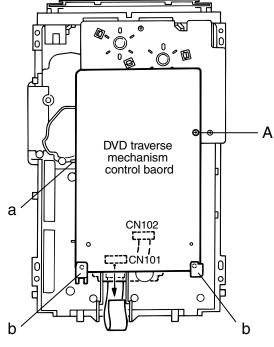
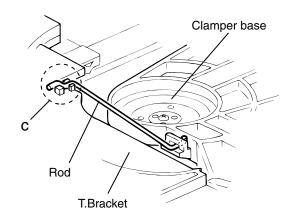
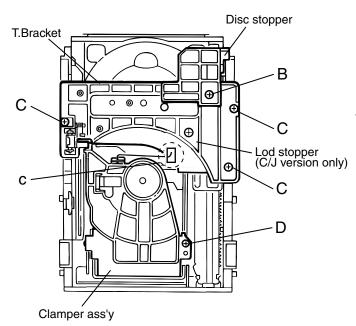


Fig.1





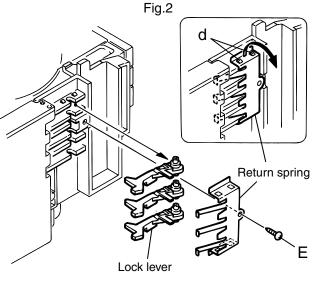


Fig.4

Fig.3

- 11. Check whether the lifter unit stopper has been caught into the hole at the section e of DVD tray assembly as shown in Fig.5.
- 12. Make sure that the driver unit elevator is positioned as shown in Fig.6 from to the second or fifth hole on the left side face of the DVD Traverse mechanism assembly.
- [Caution] In case the driver unit elevator is not at above position, set the elevator to the position as shown in Fig.7 by manually turning the pulley gear as shown in Fig.8.
- 13. Manually turn the motor pulley in the clockwise direction until the lifter unit stopper is lowered from the section e of DVD tray assembly(See Fig.8).
- 14. Pull out all of the three stages of DVD tray assembly in the arrow direction f until these stages stop

(See Fig.6).

15. At the position where the DVD tray assembly has stoppend, pull out the DVD tray assembly while pressing the two pawls g and g' on the back side of DVD tray assembly(See Fig.9). In this case, it is easy to pull out the assembly when it is pulled out first from the stage DVD tray assembly.

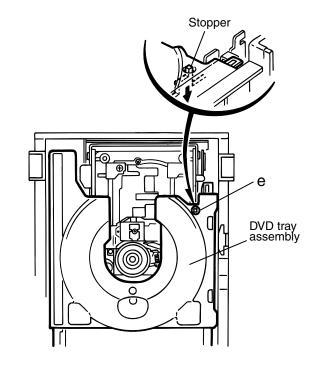
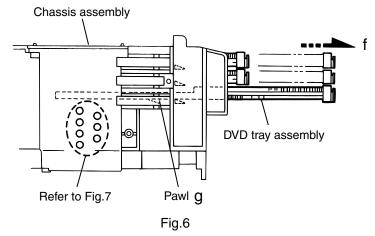


Fig.5



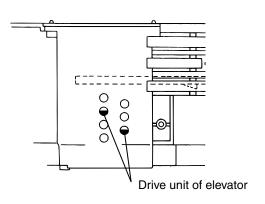
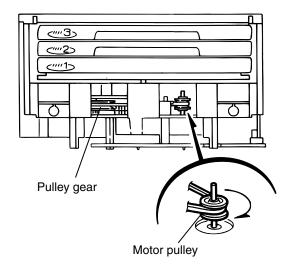
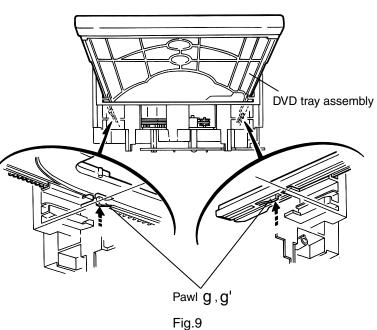


Fig.7







■ Removing the DVD mechanism assembly(See Fig.10)

- 1. While turning the cams R1 and R2 assembly in the arrow direction h, align the shaft i of the DVD mechanism assembly to the position shown in Fig.10.
- 2. Remove the four screw F retaining the DVD mechanism assembly.

■ Removing the DVD mechanism (See Fig.11 and 12)

- 1. For dismounting only the DVD machanism without removing the DVD mechanism assembly, align the shaft j of the DVD mechanism assembly to the position shown Fig.11 while turning the cam R1 and R2 assembly in the arrow direction k.
- 2. Remove the two screws G raising the DVD mechanism assembly.
- Remove the DVD mechanism assembly in the arrow direction I from the lifter unit (See Fig. 12)

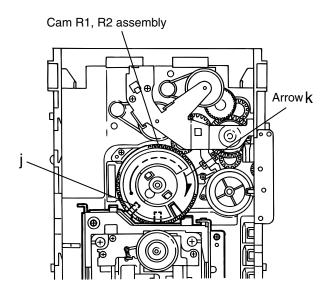
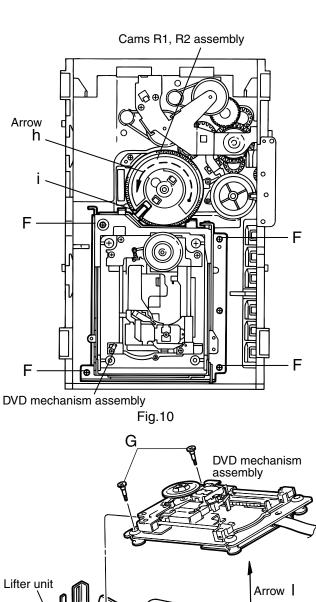
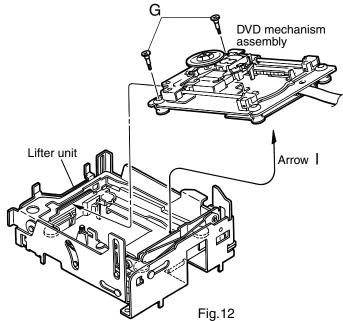


Fig.11





■ Removing the mechanism control board (See Fig.14, 15)

- 1. Absord the four soldered positions m of the right and left motors with a soldering absorber(See Fig.14).
- 2. Remove the two screws H retaining the mechanism control board(See Fig.14).
- 3. Remove the two screws I retaining the tray select switch board(See Fig.15).

Removing the can unit (See Fig.15 \sim 18)

- 1. Remove the CD mechanism assembly.
- While turning the cam gear L, align the pawl n position of the drive unit to the notch position(Fig.15) on the cam gear L.
- 3. Pull out the drive unit and cylinder gear(See Fig.17).
- 4. While turning the cam gear L, align the pawl o position of the select lever to the notch position(Fig.18) on the cam gear L.
- 5. Remove the four screws J retaining the cam unit(cam gear L and cams R1/R2 assembly)(See Fig.18).

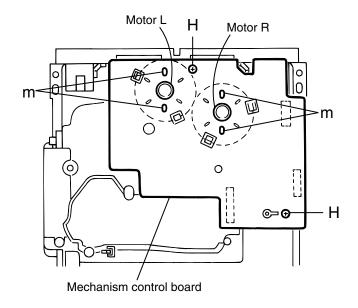
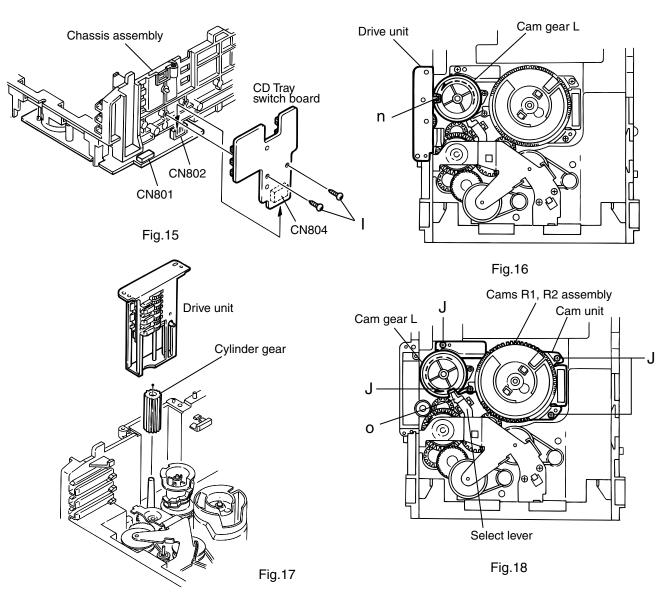


Fig.14



■ Removing the actuator motor and belt (See Fig.19~22)

- 1. Remove the two screws K retaining the gear bracket (See Fig.19).
- 2. While pressing the pawl p fixing the gear bracket in the arrow direction, remove the gear bracket

(See Fig.19).

- From the notch q section on the chassis assembly fixing the edge of gear bracket, remove and take out the gear bracket(See Fig. 20).
- 4. Remove the belts respectively from the right and left actuator motor pulleys and pulley gears (See Fig. 19).
- After turning over the chassis assembly, remove the actuator motor while spreading the four pawls r fixing the right and left actuator motors in the arrow direction(See Fig. 21).

[Note] When the chassis assembly is turned over under the conditions wherein the gear bracket and belt have been removed, then the pulley gear as well as the gear, etc. constituting the gear unit can possibly be separated to pieces. In such a case, assemble these parts by referring to the assembly and configuration diagram in Fig. 22.

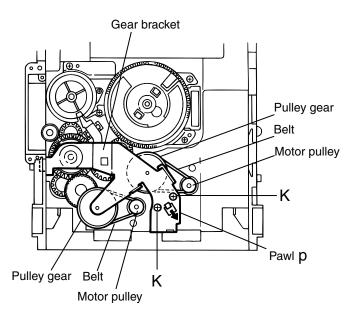
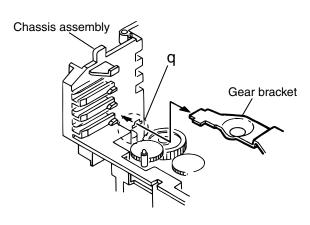


Fig.19





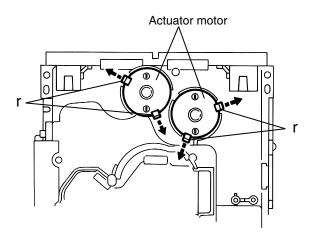
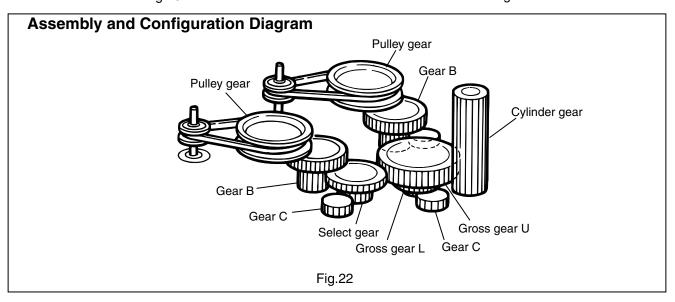


Fig.21



■ Removing the cams R1/R2 assembly and cam gear L (See Fig.23)

- 1. Remove the slit washer fixing the cams R1 and R2 assembly.
- 2. By removing the two pawls s fixing the cam R1, separate R2 from R1.
- 3. Remove the slit washer fixing the cam gear L.
- 4. Pull out the cam gear L from the C.G. base assembly.

■ Removing the C.G. base assembly (See Fig.23 and 24)

Remove the three screws L retaining the C.G. base assembly.

[Caution] To reassemble the cylinder gear, etc.with the cam unit (cam gear and cams R1/R2 assembly), gear unit and drive unit, align the position of the pawl n on the drive unit to that of the notch on the cam gear L. Then, make sure that the gear unit is engaged by turning the cam gear L (See Fig. 24).

Cam R2 Slit_washer Cam gear L Pawl S Pawl S Cam R₁ . OUTOU Cam switch board C,G. base assembly

Slit washer

Fig.23

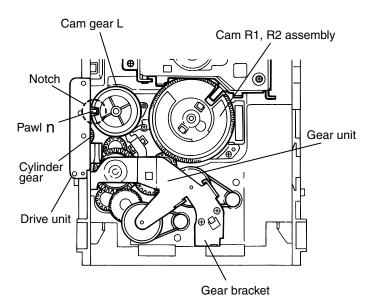


Fig.24

<Traverse mechanism section>

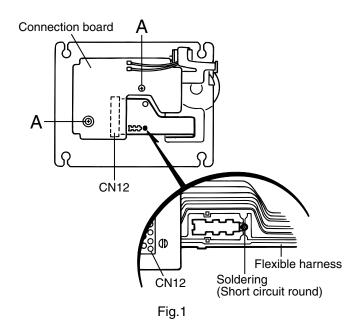
■Removing the pickup unit

(See Fig.1 to 3)

- Make sure to solder the flexible harness.(In case of replacement with a new product, unsolder the flexible harness after performing the following procedure.)
- 2. Disconnect the flexible harness from connector CN12 on the connection board.
- The rack cover is attached to the feed drive shaft. Remove the two screws A attaching the connection board and stand the connection board. Remove the rack cover.
- 4. Remove the screw B attaching the pickup shaft holder. Remove the pickup shaft holder by releasing

ATTENTION: Be careful not to lose the inside spring.

 Pull out the shaft in the direction of the arrow and slightly lift it with the pickup unit. Then, remove the pickup unit while pulling the rack a in the direction of the arrow.



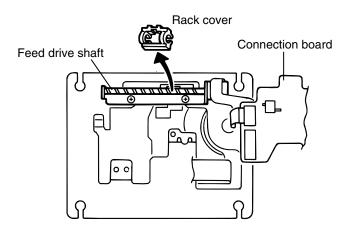
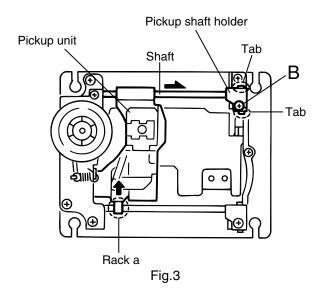


Fig.2



■ Removing the Spindle Motor Assembly (See Fig.4 to 8)

- 1. Unsolder the two parts b on the connection board.
- Remove the screw C attaching the sensor holder and detach the sensor holder from the turn table bracket. Slacken and remove the flexible harness of the part c as shown in Fig.6. Pull up the hook d and remove the flexible harness from the sensor holder.

(When reattaching the sensor holder)

- Let the flexible harness through the part c of the sensor holder and reattach it to the hook d correctly (See Fig.6).
- Reattach the pin e of the sensor holder to the notch of the radial lever and reattach the sensor holder to the turn table bracket.
- 3. Remove the three screws D attaching the spindle motor assembly.
- 4. Release the tab by moving the spindle motor assembly to the tab, and remove the spindle motor assembly.

ATTENTION: Do not lose the spring of the shaft f by the tab.

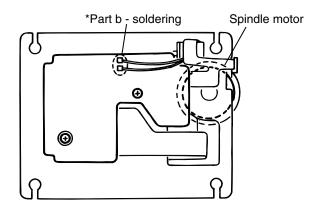


Fig.4

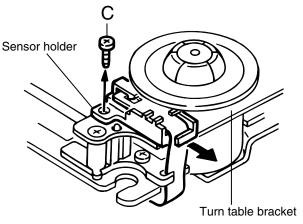
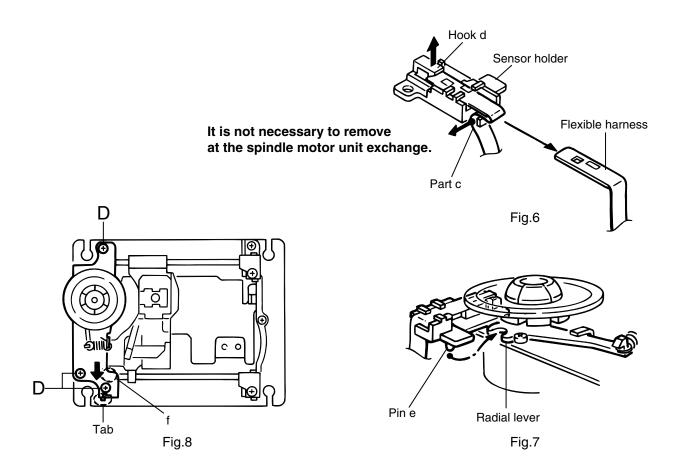
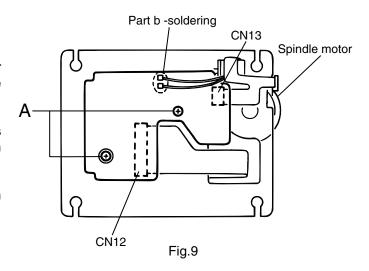


Fig.5



■ Removing the connection board (See Fig.9)

- 1. Disconnect the flexible harness from connector CN12 and CN13 on the connection board on the under side of the chassis.
- 2. Unsolder the two parts b (the red and black wires extending from the spindle motor) on the connection board.
- 3. Remove the two screws A attaching the connection board and detach the relay board.



■ Removing the feed motor assembly (See Fig.10)

- Prior to performing the following procedure, remove the connection board.
- 1. Unsolder the flexible harness g of the feed motor.
- 2. Remove the two screws E attaching the feed motor assembly and detach the feed motor assembly.

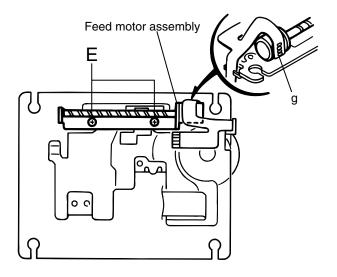


Fig.10

Check points for each error

(1) Spindle start error

*Defective spindle motor

Does the resistance between pins nos. 5 and 7 of CN102 register 6 Ω to 10 Ω ? (The power supply is turned off and measured.)

*Hall element: Is square wave output with the voltage of CN102 pin no. 2 during rotation?

In either case, replace the mechanical unit.

*Defective BTL driver (IC271)

Is there a voltage output between pins nos. 5 and 7 of CN101?

Is IC271 "25" at "H" level (START)?

Servo IC --- Is control signal sent to the motor driver?

IC201 "120,121": Duty is 50% during stop, but varies during rotation (greatly varies at start). --- If not sent, pattern or servo IC (IC201) is defective.

Is FG input to servo IC?

Observe FG wave from IC271 "41". --- If not output, pattern, IC271 or IC201 is defective.

- (2) Disc Detection, Distinction error (no disc, no REFNV)
- * Laser is defective.
- * Front End Processor is defective (IC101).
- * APC circuit is defective. --- Q101.
- * Pattern is defective. --- Lines for CN101 "2,4,6" and "14".

Lines for between IC201 "2" and IC101 "2"(LDONA),

between IC201 "3" and IC101 "1" (LDONB).

- * Servo IC is defective (IC201).
- * Does signal flow to IC 101 pin no. 79 and output to (RFINP)?
- * IC101 --- For signal from IC101 to IC301, is signal output from IC101 "88" (TS1), IC101 "69" (RFENV) and IC101 "90" (FS)?
- (3) Traverse movement NG
 - * Traverse motor is defective.

Is there a voltage output between "1" to "6" and "3" to "4" of CN102?

* BTL driver is defective.

Is there a voltage output at Pins nos. "12,13,14" and "15" of IC271? The voltage of the MUTE2 terminal pin no. "25" of IC271 becomes (H). Is the driving voltage output on pin nos. "104" and "105" of the servo IC?

--- The servo IC defective or the patterns are incorrect.

(4) Focus ON NG

- * Is FE output ? --- Pattern, IC101
- * Is FODRV signal sent ? (R288) --- Pattern, IC201
- * Is driving voltage sent?

CN102 "9", "11" --- If NG, pattern, driver, mechanical unit (with the power turned off, measure the resistance between CN102 "9" and "11").

- * Does CN101 "14" (SRF1) become "H" and is the focus drawing in done?
 - --- Mechanical unit (laser power too low), IC101(defective gain)
 - --- Moreover, It is thought that abnormality is found in the disk.
- * Mechanical unit is defective.

(5) Tracking ON NG

- * When the tracking loop cannot be drawn in, IC201 "58" (/TRON) does not become "L".
- * Mechanical unit is defective.

Because the undermentioned adjustment value is abnormal, it is not possible to draw in normally.

* Periphery of driver (IC271)

Constant or IC it self is defective.

(When passing without becoming abnormal while adjusting the following.)

* Servo IC (IC201)

When improperly adjusted due to defective IC.

[Focus position rough adjustment]

[Phase difference cancellation rough adjustment]

[Tracking balance adjustment]

(6) Spindle CLV NG

- * When the spindle cannot be shifted to CLV Servo, does not become "H" between IC301 "88" and IC201"18".
- * IC101 Is signal output from CN104 "1" (RFOP)?
- * IC101 Is signal output from CN104 "12" (FLTOUT)?
- * IC101 Is signal output from CN104 "7" "8" "9" "10" (binary-coded clock and data)?
- * IC201 Is "58" (/TRON) at "L" level ?
- * Besides the causes mentioned below, it is difficult to point out a specific one because there are various factors that should be considered.

Mechanism is defective.(jitter)

IC101, IC201.

(7) Address read NG

* Besides the causes mentioned below, it is difficult to point out a specific one because there are various factors that should be considered.

Mechanism is defective. (jitter)

IC201, IC301, IC401.

The disc is dirty or the wound has adhered.

- (8) Between layers jump NG (double-layer disc only)
 - * Defective mechanism
 - * The ICs surrounding the driver IC (IC271) are defective.
 - * Servo IC (IC201) is defective.

- (9) Neither picture nor sound is output
- * Cannot search
- a) Can the feed system be driven?

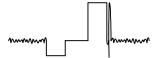
TRSDRVA and TRSDRVB line signal

Check the voltage of IC201 between pin no. 104 and R273 and pin no. 105 and R277.

After checking the voltage of the driver (IC271) pin nos. 9,10,12 and 13, check the signals of FMA+, FMA-, FMB+ and FMB-.

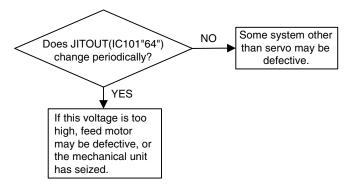
b) Is kick available?

Check the TRDRV signal waveform from R285.



Check the waveform of CN102 "8" and "10" --- After the driver (IC271)

(10) Picture is distorted or abnormal sound occurs at intervals of several seconds.

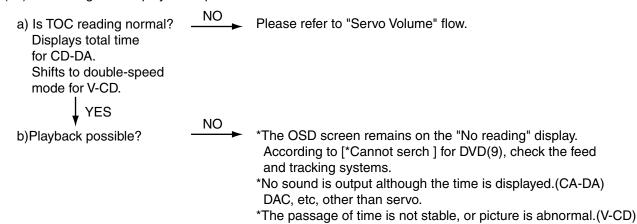


- (11) Others (unusual events experienced to date)
 - * Problem occurs with double-layer discs although no problem occurs with single-layer DVD.

(Error occurs, or search becomes unstable and takes longer.)

Crosstalk might occur from tracking to focus system.

- --- When FE was observed during search (skip, etc.), it was found that a wave resembling TE with an amplitude of 200mVp-p was riding on FE.
- --- Mechanical unit was replaced.
- * Error frequently occurred in the outer part of discs although no error occurred in the inner part.
 - --- Mechanical unit was replaced because tilt seemed to be defective.
- (12) CD During normal playback operation



The wound of the disc and dirt are confirmed.

Precautions for service

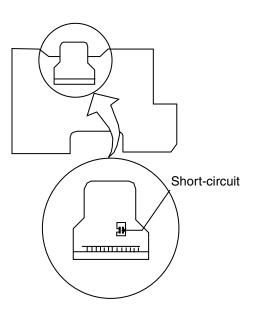
Handling of Traverse Unit and Laser Pickup

- 1. Do not touch any peripheral element of the pickup or the actuator.
- 2. The traverse unit and the pickup are precision devices and therefore must not be subjected to strong shock.
- 3. Do not use a tester to examine the laser diode. (The diode can easily be destroyed by the internal power supply of the tester.)
- 4. To replace the traverse unit, pull out the metal short pin for protection from charging.
- 5. When replacing the pickup, after mounting a new pickup, remove the solder on the short land which is provided at the center of the flexible wire to open the circuit.
- 6. Half-fixed resistors for laser power adjustment are adjusted in pairs at shipment to match the characteristics of the optical block.
 - Do not change the setting of these half-fixed resistors for laser power adjustment.

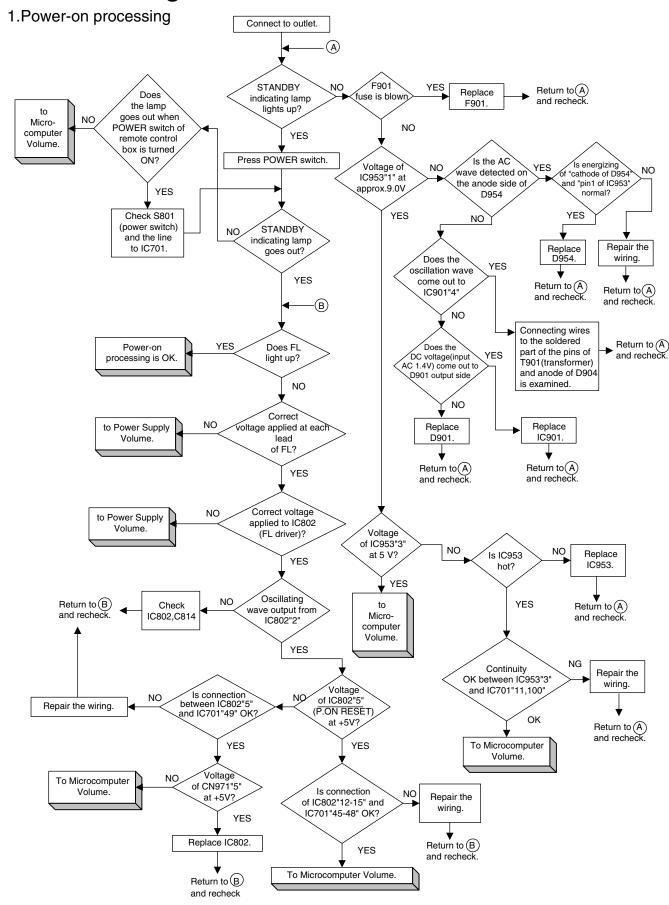
Destruction of Traverse Unit and Laser Pickup by Static Electricity

Laser diodes are easily destroyed by static electricity charged on clothing or the human body. Before repairing peripheral elements of the traverse unit or pickup, be sure to take the following electrostatic protection:

- 1. Wear an antistatic wrist wrap.
- 2. With a conductive sheet or a steel plate on the workbench on which the traverse unit or the pick up is to be repaired, ground the sheet or the plate.
- 3. When removing the pickup wire, short-circuit the land provided at the center of the pickup flexible wire. But before carrying out the above, short-circuit the land of the mechanism relay board first.
- 4. Short-circuit the laser diode by soldering the land which is provided at the center of the flexible wire for the pickup. After completing the repair, remove the solder to open the circuit.



Troubleshooting



2. Power Supply Volume

With all the wiring removed, check unit power board.

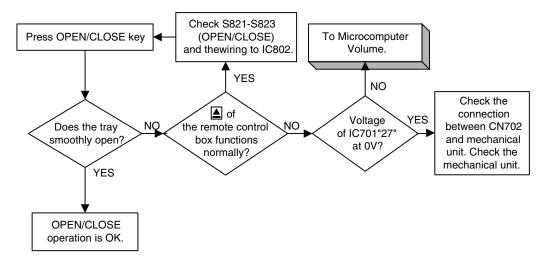
- (1) Remove all flat wires and wire assemblies which are connected to CN971.CN972.CN951.CN952.CN981.
- (2) Short-circuit CN951 "1" (POWER ON:B9006) and "2" (B5V:B9019). (Set each regulator to ON.)
- (3) The load resistance is connected between CN961 "4" (D5V:B9008) and "3,4"(D.GND:B9001).
- (4) Connect to the outlet and check the voltage at each part. (For the voltage specification, see the standard schematic diagrams.)
 - * If the load resistance is not connected, the voltage is not output to "B9008".

Then restore the connection of CN971,CN972,CN951,CN952,CN981 and check voltage.

- (1) Remove the wire short -circuiting CN951 "1" and "2".
- (2) Remove the load resistance.
- (3) Restore the connection of CN971, CN972, CN951, CN952, CN981.
- (4) Connect to the outlet.
- (5) Turn the POWER switch on and check the voltage at each part.

If voltage abnormally drops when CN971,CN972,CN951,CN952,CN981 are connected (load is connected) though the voltage was at the normal level when CN971,CN972,CN951,CN952,CN981 were disconnected (load is connected), or if the protective element (fuse, etc.) is opened, the load which is supplied power may be defective or the wiring may be short-circuited.

3. Open/Close Operation



4. Microcomputer Volume

Processing of Each Microcomputer

* IC701 System microcomputer (sub-microcomputer)

After powering on, this microcomputer is continuously activated to control keys and remote control signals.

According to key operations or remote control signals, it controls (turns on/off) the power for LSIs including IC401 (main microcomputer) and the audio/video output circuit.

It also controls the resetting of the main microcomputer, FL driver IC (IC802) for FL display.

IC401 Main microcomputer

* This microcomputer controls a group of LSIs of servo and signal processing sections according to commands from the system microcomputer.

After receiving time information from the signal processing section, it transmits the information together with the status to the system microcomputer.

It controls the resetting of the LSIs of the servo and signal processing sections.

It has IC402 (16Mbit ROM) as an external ROM.

Normal Starting Conditions

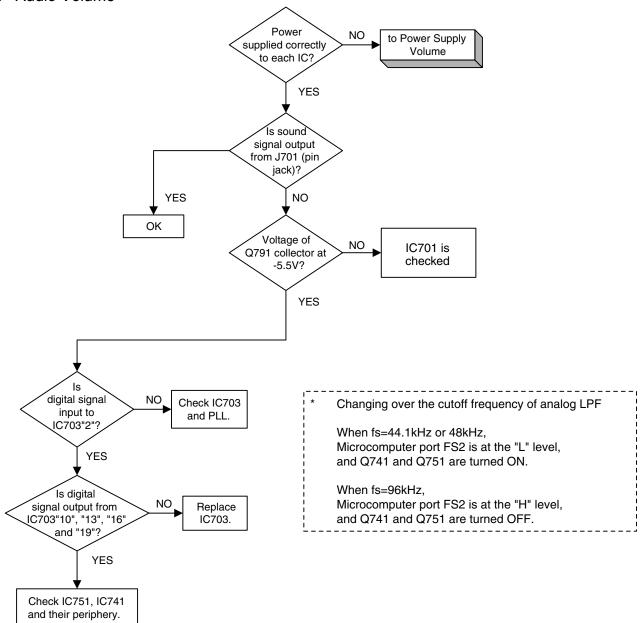
- * IC701 System microcomputer
 - (1) +5V must be applied to "11" and "100".
 - (2) Oscillators of "12" and "13" must be oscillating correctly.
 - (3) Input to "33" (RESET) must be at +5V (reset cancel).

If above (1) to (3) are not satisfied when the STANDBY indicating lamp does not light at power-on, IC701 may be defective.

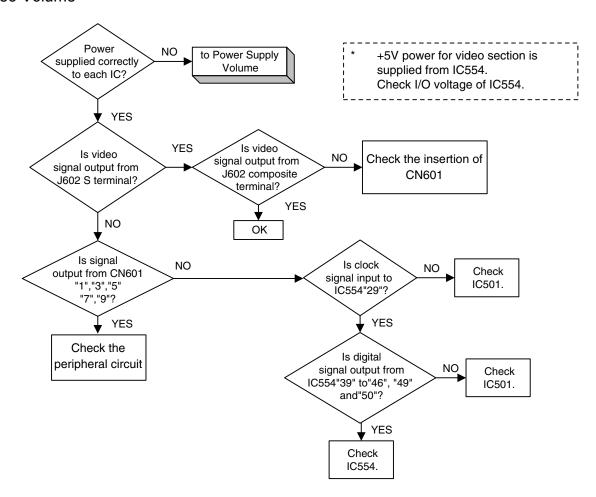
- * IC401 Main microcomputer
 - (1) +5V must be applied to "17", "22", "34", "54", "66", "83"
 - (2) Clock signal (13.5MHz) must be input to "23".
 - (3) Input to "82" (RST) must be at +5V (reset cancel).
 - (4) Communication line with IC701 ("57","58,"67"~"69") and that with IC402 (external ROM) ("13"~"16","26"~"33","35"~"42","44","93"~"100") must work normally.

If above (1) to (3) are not satisfied when the STANDBY indicating lamp goes out but FL does not light when the POWER switch is turned on, IC401, IC701 or IC402 may be defective.

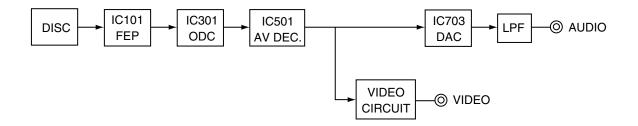
5. Audio Volume



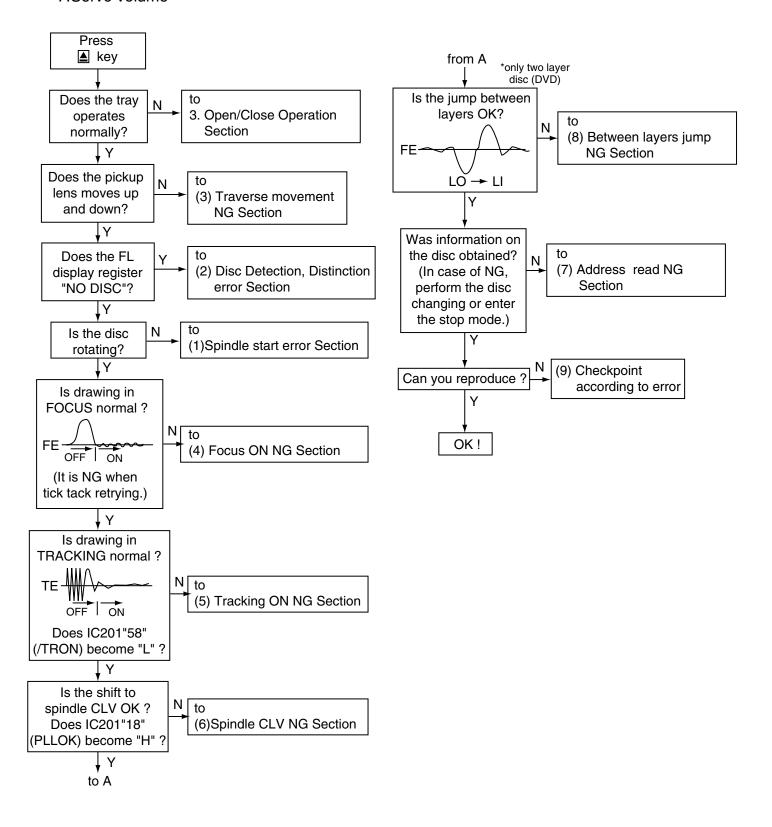
6. Video Volume



Signal flow of DISC media



7. Servo volume



Method of initializing EEPROM

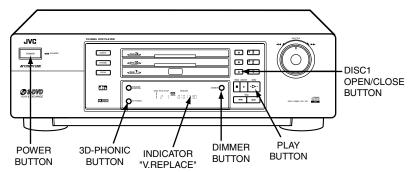
Please initialize before doing the operation confirmation when you exchange "IC791" and "IC403" by the undermentioned method.

- 1. The disk is taken out when there is a disk, and the tray is closed.
- 2.Unplug the power plug.
- 3.Insert the power plug to the outlet while pressing "PLAY" and "OPEN/CLOSE" of disc1 button at the same time.
 - FL display indicate "# tESt ** \(\pm\)". (#=DISC No. ** =Version \(\pm\) =Region code)

(ATTENTION)

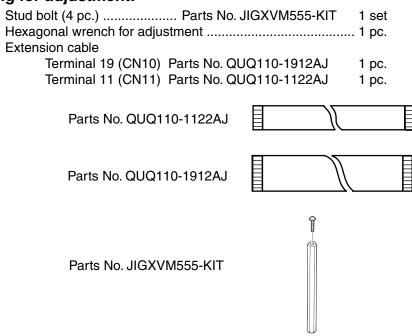
Don't check the region code No in the first time check because region code No is incorrect.

- 4. Press 3D-PHONIC button. and EEPROM initialize start.
- 5. After indicate "V.REPLACE" on the FL display then unplug power plug.
- 6.Insert power plug into outlet and press "POWER" key button. Press "DIMMER" key button, should work correctly.



Adjustment method

Jig for adjustment:



Test Disc: VT501 or VT502

When replacing a pickup etc., execute the following adjustments:

Pickup replacement

- When removing the traverse mechanism from the changer mechanism unit, move the pickup to the innermost diameter of the disc and then short-circuit the CN14 terminal on the board that is located at the outermost diameter of the disc. (Do this with a pin or by soldering it)
- 2. Take out the traverse mechanism.
- 3. First short-circuit the pickup circuit before removing the pickup. Then carry out the replacement.

Adjustment Jig setup

- Remove the rubber cushion from each of the four corners of the traverse mechanism.
 (When installing be sure not to make a mistake with the cushion colors).
- 2. Install the jig stud.
- 3. Make a jig clamp. (Remove the clamp from the set and assemble it as shown in the diagram below.

Note:

How to handle the pickup

To protect the pickup from electro-static damage, make sure to hold it by the die-cast chassis (optical base). And make sure that pickup lens do not touch the top cover.

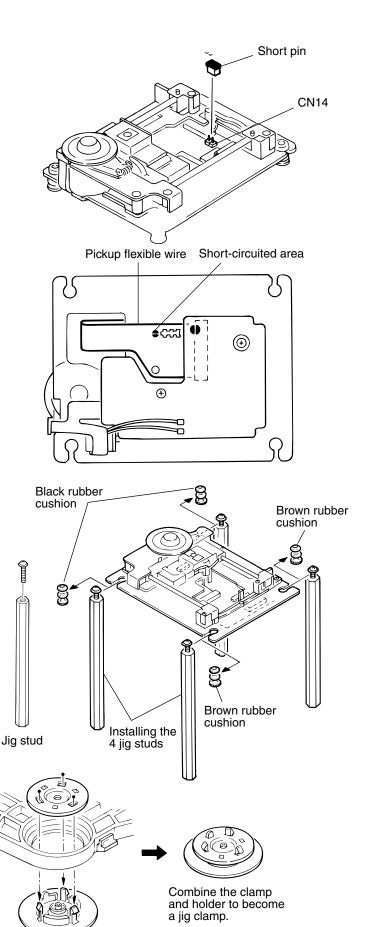
How to prepare a clamp

Remove the claws

from the 3 locations

Disassemble the clamp

and holder



Integrated wiring for adjustment

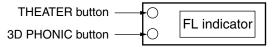
- Place a board on top of the unit and put the changer on it. Then carry out the wiring of the main unit.
- 2. Connect the two extension cables (two types) to the traverse mechanism for adjustment and then connect them to the changer.
- 3. Remove the solder of the short-circuited flexible wire. Then remove the short-circuited pin from the traverse mechanism
- 4. Connection is completed.

Adjustment preparation

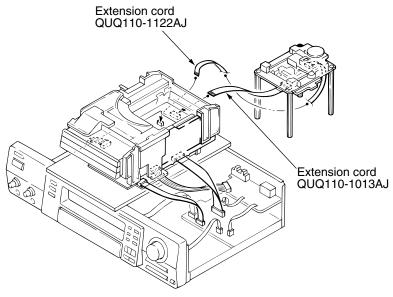
- 1. The 3 adjustment locations
- 2. 1.4 mm hexagonal wrench
- 3. Set the VT-501 or the VT502 test disc.

FL jitter display

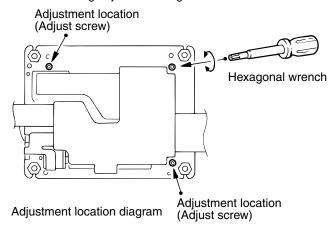
- 1. Connect the power cable while pressing the
 - ▲ (OPEN/CLOSE) button of DISC1 and
 - ⊳ (PLAY) button simultaneously.
 - --- The DISC no. " \(E \in \in \) /" is displayed on the FL indicator.
- 2. Press the 3D-PHONIC button on the front panel to commence initialization.

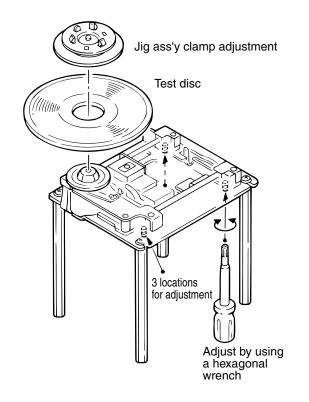


- 3. Then by pressing the THEATER POSITION button.
 - --- The DISC will start to rotate and automatic adjustment is executed.
- 4. When the key ▷ (PLAY) is pressed the jitter value is displayed.
- 5. Adjust the jitter value to minimum by using the adjust screw.



Wiring adjustment diagram

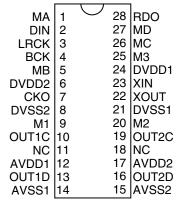




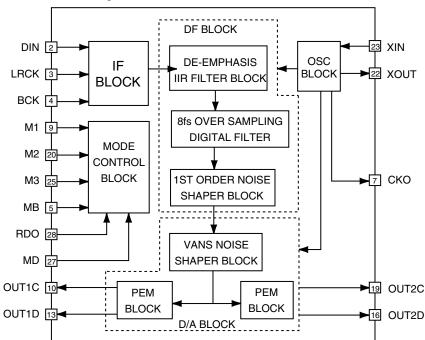
Description of major ICs

■ MN35503-X (IC703): D/A CONVERTER

1.Terminal layout



2.Block diagrams

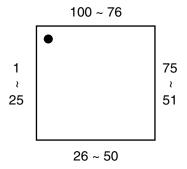


3.Pin function

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	MA	-	Connected to ground	15	AVSS2	1	Analog ground 2
2	DIN	-	Data input	16	OUT2D	0	2D PEM output
3	LRCK	I	L/R clock input		AVDD2	ı	Analog power supply 2
4	BCK		Bit clock input		NC	1	Non connection
5	MB	1	De-emphasis ON signal	19	OUT2C	0	2C PEM output
6	DVDD2	•	Digital power supply2	20	M2	ı	Connected to ground
7	СКО		Clock output	21	DVSS1	•	Digital ground 1
8	DVSS2	-	Digital ground 2	22	XOUT	0	Crystal oscillator output
9	M1	-	Connected to ground	23	XIN	Ι	Crystal oscillator input
10	OUT1C	0	1C PEM output		DVDD1	•	Digital power supply 1
11	NC	-	Non connect	25	М3	ı	Connected to ground
12	AVDD1	-	Analog power supply 1		MC	•	Connected to ground
13	OUT1D	0	1D PEM output		MD	I	Reset signal/Digital Att.control signal input
14	AVSS1	-	Analog ground 1	28	RDO		Not used

■ MN101C12G (IC701) : System micom

1.Terminal layout



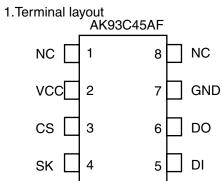
2.Pin function

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	GND	-	GND
2	CS0	ı	A set bit0 (It is effective in the U.E version)
3	CS1	ı	A set bit1 (It is effective in the U.E version)
4	CS2	ı	A set bit2 (It is effective in the U.E version)
5	NTSEL	ı	NTSC/PAL switch SW input
6	POWER SW		Power key input
7	SHUT1	ı	JOG shuttle input (AD)
8	KEY1-5	I	10 Key input (1~5)
9	KEY6-10	I	10 Key input (6~10, +10)
10	VREF	-	+B (Apply 5V)
11	VDD	-	+B (Apply 5V)
12	OSC2	0	10MHz OSC
13	OSC1	I	10MHz OSC
14	VSS	-	GND
15	-	I	Unused, Connects with GND
16	-	0	Unused
17	MMOD	I	Connects with GND
18	OSDCS3	0	V.ENCODER chip selection
19	RSTE	0	V.ENCODER reset
20	OSDDO	0	V.ENCODER communication DATA
21	S2UDT	0	Communication between unit microcomputers DATA OUT
22	U2SDT	I	Communication between unit microcomputers DATA IN
23	SCLK	0	Communication between unit microcomputers CLK
24	BUSY	0	Communication between unit microcomputers BUSY
25	CPURST	0	Unit microcomputer reset
26	REQ	I	Communication between unit microcomputers REQ
27	REMO	I	Remote control interruption
28	CS3	ı	Set password change judgment bit(H:Change, L:Usual)
29	TEST	I	Un used
30	TEST	I	H:Checkers mode, L:Normal mode
31	TEST	I	H:Running mode, L:Normal mode
32	NC	I	Un used
33	RESET	I	Reset input
34	NC	0	Un uesd
35	NC	0	Un used
36	VDD	-	Un used
37	OSDCK	0	V.ENCODER communication CK
38	NT	0	NTSC/PAL Switching

MN101C12G (2/2)

Pin No. Symbol I/O				MINIOTOTZG (2/2)
40	Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
41	39	FS2	0	48kHz, 96kHz switch
42 CHDATA O Changer communication DATAI/O 43 NC - Un used 44 CHCK O Changer communication DCCCK 45 FLDATAO O FL driver communication DATAO 46 FLDATAI I FL driver communication DATAI 47 FLCK O FL driver communication CLOCK 48 FLCS O FL driver communication CS 59 FEBO O EEPROM communication DATAO 51 EEDI I EEPROM communication DATAI 51 EEDI I EEPROM communication DATAI 52 EECK O EEPROM communication CS 53 EECS O EEPROM communication CS 54 VS1 O S1 control 55 VS3 O S3 control(STBY:H, P.ON:L) 56 DMUT1 - Un used 59 PDB1 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used	40	CHREQ		Changer communication REQUEST
43 NC - Un used 44 CHCK O Changer communication DATAO 45 FLDATAI I FL driver communication DATAI 47 FLCK O FL driver communication LOCK 48 FLCS O FL driver communication CS 49 FLRST O FL driver communication DATAO 50 EEDO O EEPROM communication DATAI 51 EEDI I EEPROM communication DATAI 52 EECK O EEPROM communication CS 54 VS1 O S1 control 55 VS3 O S3 control(STBY:H, P.ON:L) 55 VS3 O S3 control(STBY:H, P.ON:L) 56 DMUT1 - Un used 57 DMUT2 - Un used 69 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA	41	CHST	0	Changer communication STROBE
44 CHCK O Changer communication CLOCK 45 FLDATAI O FL driver communication DATAIO 46 FLDATAI I FL driver communication DATAII 47 FLCK O FL driver communication CLOCK 48 FLSS O FL driver communication CLOCK 49 FLRST O FL reset output 50 EEDO O EEPROM communication DATAIO 51 EEDI I EEPROM communication DATAI 52 EECK O EEPROM communication CLOCK 53 EECS O EEPROM communication CS 54 VS1 O S1 control 55 VS3 O S3 control(STBY:H, PON:L) 56 DMUT1 - Un used 59 PDB1 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) <t< td=""><td>42</td><td>CHDATA</td><td>0</td><td>Changer communication DATAI/O</td></t<>	42	CHDATA	0	Changer communication DATAI/O
45	43	NC	-	Un used
46	44	CHCK	0	
47 FLCK O FL driver communication CLOCK 48 FLCS O FL driver communication CS 49 FLRST O EEPROM communication DATAO 51 EEDI I EEPROM communication DATAI 52 EECK O EEPROM communication CLOCK 53 EECS O EEPROM communication CS 54 VS1 O S1 control 55 VS3 O S3 control(STBY:H, P.ON:L) 56 DMUT1 - Un used 57 DMUT2 - Un used 59 PDB1 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66-76 NC O	45	FLDATAO	0	FL driver communication DATAO
48 FLCS O FL driver communication CS 49 FLRST O FL reset output 50 EEDO O EEPROM communication DATAI 51 EEDI I EEPROM communication DATAI 52 EECK O EEPROM communication CLOCK 53 EECS O EEPROM communication CS 54 VS1 O S1 control 55 VS3 O S3 control(STBY:H, P.ON:L) 56 DMUT1 - Un used 57 DMUT2 - Un used 58 PDB2 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66-76 NC O Un use	46	FLDATAI		FL driver communication DATAI
49 FLRST O FL reset output 50 EEDO O EEPROM communication DATAO 51 EEDI I EEPROM communication DATAI 52 EECK O EEPROM communication CLOCK 53 EECS O EEPROM communication CS 54 VS1 O S1 control 55 VS3 O S3 control(STBY:H, P.ON:L) 56 DMUT1 - Un used 57 DMUT2 - Un used 58 PDB2 - Un used 69 PDB1 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66~76 NC O Un used	47	FLCK	0	FL driver communication CLOCK
SO	48	FLCS	0	FL driver communication CS
51 EEDI I EEPROM communication DATAI 52 EECK O EEPROM communication CLOCK 53 EECS O EEPROM communication CLOCK 54 VS1 O S1 control 55 VS3 O S3 control(STBY:H, P.ON:L) 56 DMUT1 - Un used 57 DMUT2 - Un used 58 PDB2 - Un used 69 DEMP1 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66~76 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output	49	FLRST	0	FL reset output
52 EECK O EEPROM communication CLOCK 53 EECS O EEPROM communication CS 54 VS1 O S1 control 55 VS3 O S3 control(STBY:H, P.ON:L) 56 DMUT1 - Un used 57 DMUT2 - Un used 58 PDB2 - Un used 69 DEMP2 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66-76 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 81-85 NC O Un used 87	50	EEDO	0	EEPROM communication DATAO
53 EECS O EEPROM communication CS 54 VS1 O S1 control 55 VS3 O S3 control(STBY:H, P.ON:L) 56 DMUT1 - Un used 57 DMUT2 - Un used 58 PDB2 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66-76 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81~85 NC O Un used 86 <td< td=""><td>51</td><td>EEDI</td><td>I</td><td>EEPROM communication DATAI</td></td<>	51	EEDI	I	EEPROM communication DATAI
54 VS1 O S1 control 55 VS3 O S3 control(STBY:H, P.ON:L) 56 DMUT1 - Un used 57 DMUT2 - Un used 58 PDB2 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66-76 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81-85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA <td>52</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td></td>	52		0	
55 VS3 O S3 control(STBY:H, P.ON:L) 56 DMUT1 - Un used 57 DMUT2 - Un used 58 PDB2 - Un used 59 PDB1 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control((At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81-85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA	53	EECS	0	EEPROM communication CS
56 DMUT1 - Un used 57 DMUT2 - Un used 58 PDB2 - Un used 59 PDB1 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66-76 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81-85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O	54		0	
57 DMUT2 - Un used 58 PDB2 - Un used 59 PDB1 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66-76 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81-85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 MIM3	55		0	S3 control(STBY:H, P.ON:L)
58 PDB1 - Un used 59 PDB1 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control (At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66-76 NC O Un used 677 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81-85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 <td>56</td> <td>DMUT1</td> <td>-</td> <td>Un used</td>	56	DMUT1	-	Un used
59 PDB1 - Un used 60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66-76 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81-85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MIM3 89 MIM3 O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 94 HPMUT <td>57</td> <td>DMUT2</td> <td>-</td> <td>Un used</td>	57	DMUT2	-	Un used
60 DEMP2 - Un used 61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66~76 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81~85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control MD 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output	58	PDB2	-	Un used
61 DEMP1 - Un used 62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66~76 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81~85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MIM3 90 MD O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS <td>59</td> <td>PDB1</td> <td>-</td> <td>Un used</td>	59	PDB1	-	Un used
62 DENA - Un used 63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66~76 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81~85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control MIM3 90 MD O DAC control MD 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output	60	DEMP2	-	Un used
63 KARAOKE O KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H) 64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66~76 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81~85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control MD 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE	61	DEMP1	-	Un used
64 POWERON O Power ON output 65 VS2 O S2 control 66~76 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81~85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control MIM3 90 MD O DAC control MC 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O	62	DENA	-	Un used
65 VS2 O S2 control 66~76 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81~85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control MIM3 90 MD O DAC control MD 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O <t< td=""><td>63</td><td>KARAOKE</td><td>0</td><td>KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H)</td></t<>	63	KARAOKE	0	KARAOKE gain control(At KARAOKE : H)
66~76 NC O Un used 77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81~85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control MD 90 MD O DAC control MC 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O F	64		0	Power ON output
77 AVCI I AV COMPULINK input 78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81~85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control MIM3 90 MD O DAC control MC 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output	65		_	S2 control
78 AVCO O AV COMPULINK output 79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81~85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control MIM3 90 MD O DAC control MD 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output	66~76		0	
79 NC O Un used 80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81~85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control MIM3 90 MD O DAC control MD 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Front mute output	77			AV COMPULINK input
80 STANBYIND O Standby LED output 81~85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control MIM3 90 MD O DAC control MD 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output	78			AV COMPULINK output
81~85 NC O Un used 86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control M1M3 90 MD O DAC control MD 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output	79		_	
86 CS4 O Un used 87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control M1M3 90 MD O DAC control MD 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output	80			Standby LED output
87 MA O DAC control MA 88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control M1M3 90 MD O DAC control MD 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output	81~85			Un used
88 MB O DAC control MB 89 M1M3 O DAC control M1M3 90 MD O DAC control MD 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output				
89 M1M3 O DAC control M1M3 90 MD O DAC control MD 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output	87	MA	0	DAC control MA
90 MD O DAC control MD 91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output				DAC control MB
91 MC O DAC control MC 92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output				DAC control M1M3
92 GAIN2 - Un used 93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output				
93 GAIN1 - Un used 94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output			0	
94 HPMUT O Un used 95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output			-	
95 DAVSS - Un used 96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output				
96 LMUTE O Un used 97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output			0	Un used
97 CMUTE O Un used 98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output				
98 SMUTE O Un used 99 MUTE O Front mute output				Un used
99 MUTE O Front mute output				
'				
100 DAVDD - Apply 5V			0	·
	100	DAVDD	-	Apply 5V

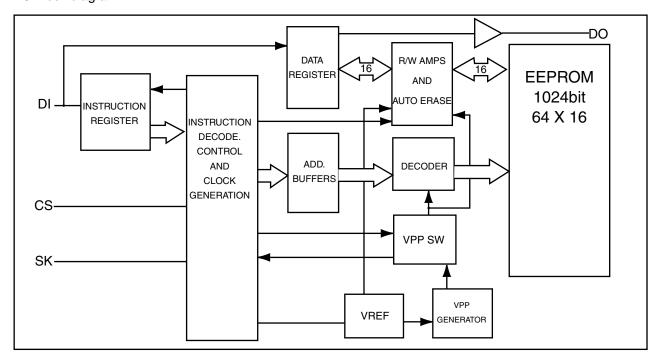
■ AK93C45AF-W (IC791) : CMOS EEPROM



2.Pin functions

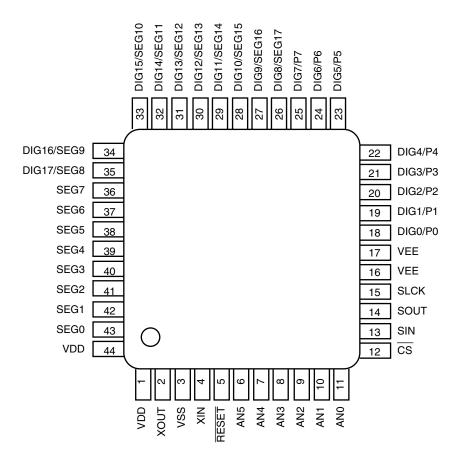
Symbol	Function
CS	Chip Select
SK	Serial Clock Input
DI	Serial Data Input
DO	Serial Data Output
Vcc	Power Supply
GND	Ground
NC	Non connection

3.Block diagram



■ M35500BGP (IC802) : FL Driver

1.Terminal layout

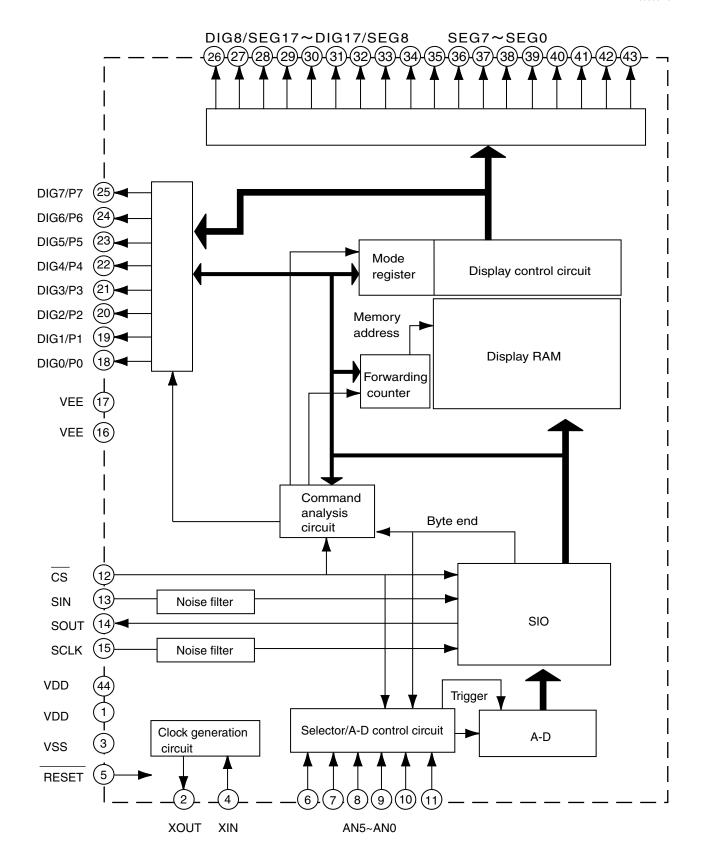


2.Pin function

2.Pin func	tion		M35500BGP
Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	VDD		+B
2	XOUT	0	Both terminals are short-circuited on the outside, and capacity is connected.
3	VSS	-	0v is supplied to vss.
4	XIN	ı	Both terminals are short-circuited on the outside, and capacity is connected.
5	RESET	I	Reset input of active "L"
			The pull-up resistor is built into between Vcc terminals.
6	AN5	I	Key S811~S815 input
7	AN4	-	GND
8	AN3	-	GND
9	AN2	I	Key S821~S826 input
10	AN1	ı	SHUTTLE control
11	AN0	ı	Key S831~S836 input
12	<u>cs</u>	ı	When "L" is input, serial data can be forwarded.
13	SIN	I	The serial data is input.
			Take in twice continuously with the sample clock of 2MHz.
14	SOUT	0	The serial data is output. Becomes "Hiz" while resetting
15	SCLK	I	Clock of serial transfer is input. Take in twice continuously with the sample clock of 2MHz.
16	VEE	-	The voltage supplied to the pull down resistance is added.
17	VEE		
18	DIG0/P0	0	Digit output or general-purpose output terminal.
19	DIG1/P1		At reset:Becomes "Vee" level through the pull down resistance.
20	DIG2/P2		
21	DIG3/P3		
22	DIG4/P4		
23	DIG5/P5		
24	DIG6/P6		
25	DIG7/P7		
26	DIG8/SEG17	0	Digit output or segment output terminal.
27	DIG9/SEG16		At reset : Becomes "Vee" level through the pull down resistance.
28	DIG10/SEG15		
29	DIG11/SEG14		
30	DIG12/SEG13		
31	DIG13/SEG12		
32	DIG14/SEG11		
33	DIG15/SEG10		
34	DIG16/SEG9		
35	DIG17/SEG8		
36	SEG7	0	Segment output terminal.
37	SEG6		At reset : Becomes "Vee" level through the pull down resistance.
38	SEG5		
39	SEG4		
40	SEG3		
41	SEG2		
42	SEG1		
43	SEG0		
44	VDD	-	+B

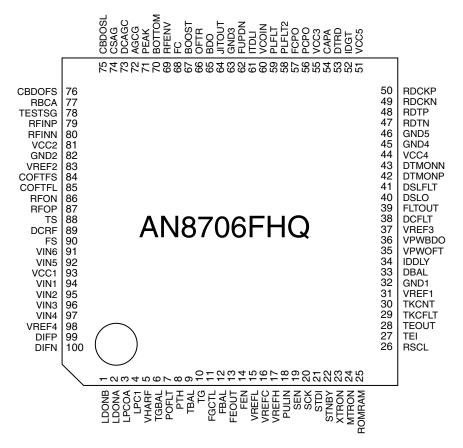
3. Block diagram

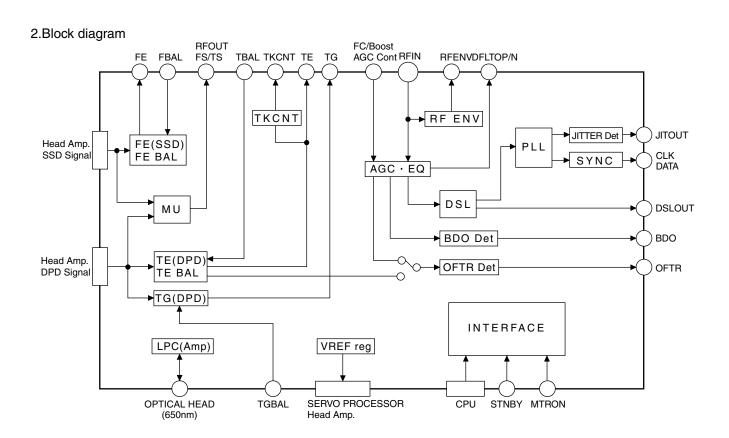
M35500BGP



■ AN8706FHQ (IC101): Front end processor

1.Pin layout





3.Pin function

AN8706FHQ (1/2)

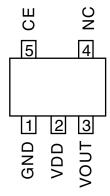
			AN8706FHQ (1/2)	
Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Functions	
1	LDONB	ı	Laser ON (CD Head) terminal	
2	LDONA	ı	Laser ON (DVD Head) terminal	
3	LPCOA	0	Laser drive output terminal	
4	LPC1	ı	Laser PIN input terminal	
5	VHARF	0	VHALF voltage output terminal	
6	TGBAL	ı	Tangential phase balance control terminal	
7	POFLT	0	Track detection Threshold value level terminal	
8	PTH	ı	Track detection Threshold value level terminal	
9	TBAL	ı	Tracking balance control terminal	
10	TG	0	Tangential phase error signal output terminal	
11	FGCTL	ı	Focus amplifier Gain control terminal	
12	FBAL	ī	Focus balance control terminal	
13	FEOUT	0	Focus error signal output terminal	
14	FEN	Ī	Focus error output amplifier reversing input terminal	
15	VREFL	0	VREFL voltage output terminal	
16	VREFC	0	VREFC voltage output terminal	
17	VREFH	0	VREFH voltage output terminal	
18	PULIN	<u> </u>	DSL,PLL drawing mode switch terminal	
19	SEN	i	SEN(Cereal data input terminal)	
20	SCK	i	SCK(Cereal data input terminal)	
21	STDI	ı	STDI(Cereal data input terminal)	
22	STNBY	<u>'</u>	Standby mode control terminal	
23	XTRON	ı	Tracking OFF holding input terminal	
24	MTRON			
		<u> </u>	Monitor output ON/OFF switch terminal	
25	ROMRAM	<u> </u>	ROM • RAM switch terminal	
26	RSCL	0 -	Standard current source terminal	
27	TEI	<u> </u>	Tracking error output amplifier reversing input terminal	
28	TEOUT TKCFLT	0	Tracking error signal output terminal Track count detection filter terminal	
29		0		
30	TKCNT VREF1	0	Track count output terminal	
31		0	VREF1 voltage output terminal	
32	GND1	0	Earth terminal 1	
33	DBAL	<u> </u>	Data slice offset adjustment terminal	
34	IDDLY	<u> </u>	Data slice delay adjustment terminal	
35	VPWOFT	<u> </u>	OFTR detection level setting terminal	
36	VPWBDO	1	BDO detection level setting terminal	
37	VREF3	0	VREF3 voltage output terminal	
38	DCFLT	0	Capacity connection terminal for data slice input filter	
39	FLTOUT	0	Filter amplifier output terminal	
40	DSLO	0	Data slice single data output terminal	
41	DSLFLT	0	Data slice time constant filter terminal	
42	DTMONP	0	PLL differential motion 2 making to value edge signal moniter output (+)	
43	DTMONN	0	PLL differential motion 2 making to value edge signal moniter output (-)	
44	VCC4	-	Power terminal 4 (5V)	
45	GND4	0	Earth terminal 4	
46	GND5	0	Earth terminal 5	
47	RDTN	0	PLL differential motion making to synchronization RF signal reversing output	
48	RDTP	0	PLL differential motion making to synchronization RF signal rotation output	
49	RDCKN	0	PLL differential motion making synchronization clock reversing output	
50	RDCKP	0	PLL differential motion making synchronization clock rotation output	

AN8706FHQ(2/2)

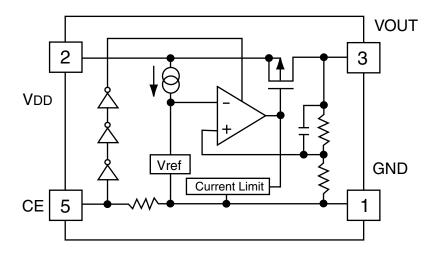
	ı		AN8706FHQ(2/2)
Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Functions
51	VCC5	ı	Power terminal 5 (3.3V)
52	IDGT	ı	Data slice address part gate signal input terminal (For RAM)
53	DTRD	I	Data slice data read signal input terminal(For RAM)
54	CAPA	ı	Data slice CAPA(Address)signal input terminal (For RAM)
55	VCC3	ı	Power terminal 3 (5V)
56	PCPO	0	PLL phase gain set terminal
57	FCPO	0	PLL frequency gain set terminal
58	PLFLT2	0	PLL low-pass filter terminal
59	PLFLT	0	PLL high-pass filter terminal
60	VCOIN	Ī	PLL VCO input terminal
61	ITDLI	0	PLL jitter free current ripple removal filter terminal
62	FUPDN	ī	PLL frequency control input terminal
63	GND3	0	Earth terminal 3
64	JITOUT	0	Detection signal output of jitter
65	BDO	0	BDO output terminal
66	OFTR	0	OFTR output terminal
67	BOOST	ı	Boost control terminal for filter
68	FC	i	FC control terminal for filter
69	RFENV	0	RF envelope output terminal
70	ВОТТОМ	0	Bottom envelope detection filter terminal
71	PEAK	0	Peak envelope detection filter terminal
72	AGCG	0	AGC amplifier gain control terminal
73	DCAGC	0	AGC amplifier filter terminal
74	CSAG	0	Sag cancellation circuit filter terminal
75	CBDOSL	0	BDO detection capacitor terminal
76	CBDOSE	0	BDO detection capacitor terminal
77	RBCA	0	BCA detection level setting terminal
78	TESTSG	ī	TEST signal input terminal
79	RFINP	i	RF signal positive input terminal
80	RFINN	ı	RF signal negative input terminal
81	VCC2	i	Power terminal 2 (5V)
82	GND2	0	Earth terminal 2
83	VREF2	0	VREF2 voltage output terminal
84	COFTFS	0	OFTR detection capacitor terminal
85	COFTFL	0	OFTR detection capacitor terminal
86	RFON	0	RF signal output terminal N
87	RFOP	0	RF signal output terminal P
88	TS	0	Full adder amplifier (DVD) output terminal
89	DCRF	0	Full adder amplifier capacitor terminal
90	FS	0	Full adder amplifier (CD) output terminal
90	VIN6	ı	Focus input of external division into two terminal
92	VIN6 VIN5	ı	Focus input of external division into two terminal
93	VCC1	ı	Power terminal 1 (5V)
93	VIN1	ı	External division into four (DVD/CD) RF input terminal 1
95	VIN1 VIN2	ı	· · · ·
96	VIN2 VIN3	I	External division into four (DVD/CD) RF input terminal 2 External division into four (DVD/CD) RF input terminal 3
	VIN3 VIN4	ı	External division into four (DVD/CD) RF input terminal 3 External division into four (DVD/CD) RF input terminal 4
97			` ' '
98	VREF4	0	VREF4 voltage output terminal
99	DIFP	0	RF signal (RAM) output terminal N
100	DIFN	0	RF signal (RAM) output terminal N

■ RN5RZ20BA-X (IC102) : High cycle module

1.Terminal layout



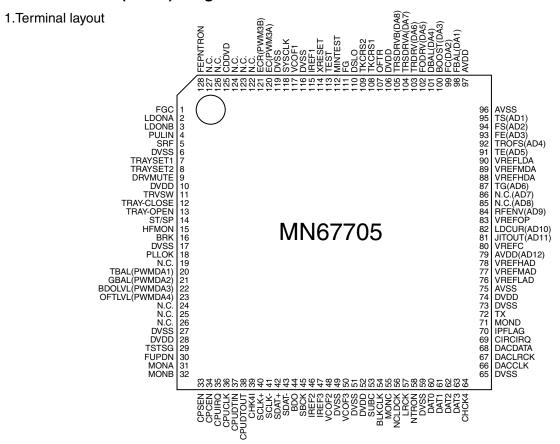
2.Block diagram



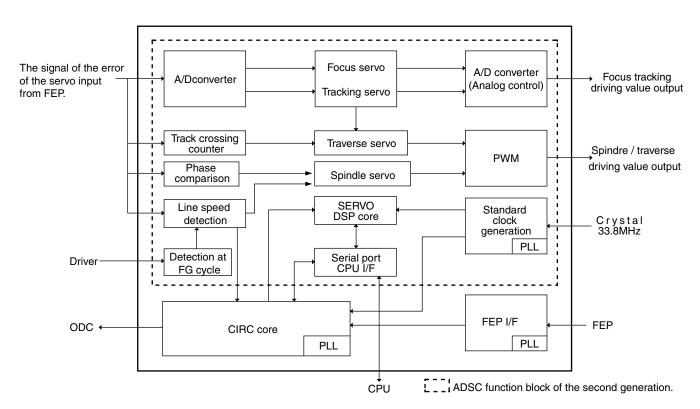
3.Pin function

Pin No.	Pin name	Function
1	GND	Ground terminal
2	VDD	Input terminal
3	VOUT	Output terminal
4	NC	No connection
5	CE	Chip enable terminal

■ MN67705EA (IC201) : Digital servo controller



2.Block diagram



3.Pin function

MN67705EA (1/3)

Pin No.	Carreland	1/0	MINO/703EA (1/3)	
	Symbol	I/O	Function	
1	FGC	0	H fixation	
2	LDONA	0	Laser drive controlA (ON / OFF)	
3	LDONB	0	Laser drive controlB (ON / OFF)	
4	PULIN	0	DSL and PLL high boost signal (FEP)	
5	SRF	0	Head amplifier gain H/L selection	
6	DVSS		Ground for digital circuit	
7	TRAYSET1	0	Tray drive ON/OFF and direction control	
8	TRAYSET2	0	Tray drive ON/OFF and direction control	
9	DRVMUTE	0	Drive IC mute control	
10	DVDD		Power supply for digital circuit	
11	TRVSW	I	Surroundings position detection in traverse	
12	TRAY-CLOSE	I	Tray close detection SW	
13	TRAY-OPEN	ı	Tray opening detection SW	
14	ST/SP	0	Spindle motor drive switch (START /STOP)	
15	HFMON	0	High cycle module control	
16	BRK	0	Spindle motor IC short brake control	
17	DVSS	_	Ground for digital circuit	
18	PLLOK	ı	SYNC detection (DVD : 18T / CD : 22T)	
19	N.C.	0		
20	TBAL(PWMDA1)	0	Tracking balance (FEP)	
21	GBAL(PWMDA2)	0	Tangential balance (FEP)	
22	BDOLVL(PWMDA3)	0	BDO slice level (FEP)	
23	OFTLVL(PWMDA4)	0	Off-track error slice level (FEP)	
24	N.C.	0	On that one level (LEF)	
25	N.C.	0		
26	N.C.	0		
27	DVSS	_	Ground for digital circuit	
28	DVDD	_	Power supply for digital circuit	
29	TSTSG	0	Self calibration signal (FEP)	
30	FUPDN	0	Signal of frequency UP/DOWN of PLL (FEP)	
31	MONA	0	Monitor terminal A	
32		0	Monitor terminal B	
33	MONB	-		
—	CPSEN CPCEN		Servo DSP serial I/F chip selection (SYSCOM) CIRC serial I/F chip selection (SYSCOM)	
34 35	CPCEN	1		
		0	Interrupt request to silicon (SYSCOM)	
36	CPUCLK	I	Silicon serial I/F clock (SYSCOM)	
37	CPUDTIN	1	Silicon serial I/F data input (SYSCOM)	
38	CPUDTOUT	0	Silicon serial I/F data output (SYSCOM)	
39	CHK4I	I	Connects with unused DVSS	
40	SCLK+	I	Lead channel clock differential motion signal (positive)	
41	SCLK-	I	Lead channel clock differential motion signal (negative)	
42	SDAT+	I	Lead channel data differential motion signal (positive)	
43	SDAT-	I	Lead channel data differential motion signal (negative)	
44	BDO		BDO + BCA (FEP)	
45	SBCK	I		
46	IREF2	_	Connects with unused DVSS	

MN67705EA (2/3)

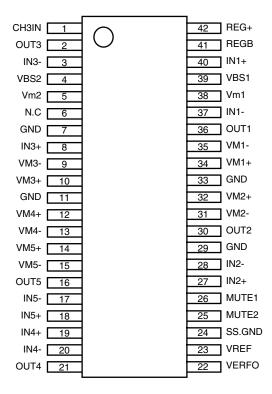
Function Connects with unused DVSS Connects with unused DVSS Ground for digital circuit Connects with unused DVSS Ground for digital circuit
Connects with unused DVSS Ground for digital circuit Connects with unused DVSS
Ground for digital circuit Connects with unused DVSS
Connects with unused DVSS
Ground for digital cirucuit
Great a for argical en acare
Power supply for digital cirucuit
CD sub-code (ODC)
CD sub-code synchronous signal (ODC)/Jump output of one at DVD
Monitor terminal C
Sub-code data frame clock (ODC)
LR channnel data strove CIRC(ODC)
L: Tracking ON (ODC)
Ground for digital cirucuit
CIRC / Binary making DVD data output
CIRC / Binary making DVD data output
CIRC / Binary making DVD data output
CIRC / Binary making DVD data output
Synchronous clock of DAT0~3
Ground for digital circuit
Connects with unused DVSS
Connects with unused DVSS
RAM with built-in CIRC exceeds / Underflow interrupt
CIRC error flag
Monitor terminal D
Digital audio interface
Ground for digital cirucuit
Power supply for digital cirucuit
Ground for analog cirucuit
AD subordinate position standard voltage (0.6 ± 0.1v)
It is a place standard voltage in AD (1.4±0.1V)
High-ranking AD standard voltage (2.2±0.1V)
Power supply for analog circuit
Jitter signal(FEP)
Laser drive current signal
Operation amplifier standard voltage(VREFC)
RFENV(FEP)
Connects with VREFC
Connects with VREFC
Tangential Phase difference (FEP)
High-ranking AD standard voltage (2.2±0.1V)
It is a place standard voltage in AD (1.4±0.1V)
AD subordinate position standard voltage (0.6±0.1v)
Tracking error (FEP)
Tracking drive IC input offset
Focus error (FEP)

MN67705EA(3/3)

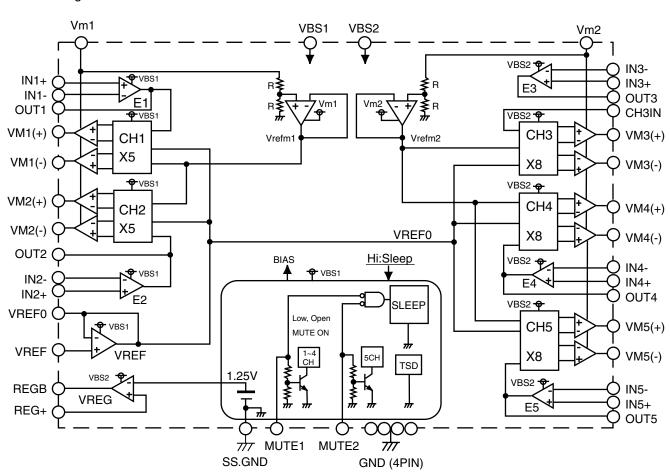
Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
94	FS(AD2)	I	FS (FEP)
95	TS(AD1)	I	TS (FEP)
96	AVSS	_	Ground for analog cirucuit
97	AVDD	_	Power supply for analog circuit
98	FBAL(DA1)	0	Focus balance(FEP)
99	FC(DA2)	0	Cutting off frequency (FEP)
100	BOOST(DA3)	0	Amount of boost (FEP)
101	DBAL(DA4)	0	DSL offset balance (FEP)
102	FODRV(DA5)	0	Focus drive
103	TRDRV(DA6)	0	Tracking drive
104	TRSDRVA(DA7)	0	Traverse drive A aspect
105	TRSDRVB(DA8)	0	Traverse drive B aspect
106	DVDD	_	Power supply for digital cirucuit
107	OFTR	I	Off-track error signal (FEP)
108	TKCRS1	I	Track crossing signal 1 (FEP)
109	TKCRS2	I	Track crossing signal 2 (FEP)
110	DSLO	I	Binary making data slice signal (FEP)
111	FG	I	FG signal input (spindle motor driver)
112	MINTEST	_	Connects with DVSS
113	TEST	_	Connects with DVSS
114	XRESET	I	Reset L: Reset
115	IREF1	_	VCO reference current 1(for SYSCLK)
116	DVSS	_	Ground for digital circuit)
117	VCOF1	_	VCO control voltage 1 (for SYSCLK)
118	SYSCLK	I	33.8MHz system clock input
119	DVSS	_	Ground for digital circuit
120	EC(PWM3A)	0	Spindle motor drive
121	ECR(PWM3B)	0	
122	N.C.(PWM3A)	0	
123	N.C.(PWM2B)	0	
124	N.C.(PWM1A)	0	
125	CDDVD	0	CD/DVD control signal (FEP) CD : H DVD : L
126	N.C.(PWM0A)	0	
127	N.C.(PWM0B)	0	
128	FEPNTRON	0	Tracking ON (FEP)

M56788FP-W (IC271) : Traverse mechanism driver

1.Terminal layout

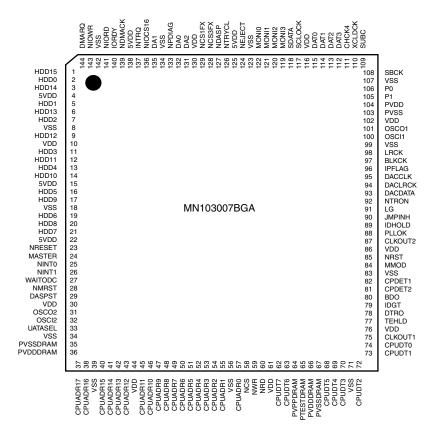


2.Block diagram

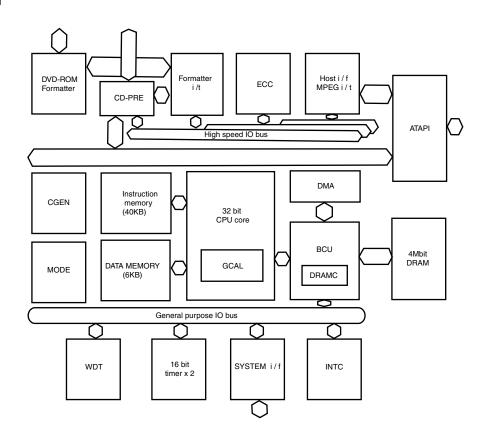


MN103007BGA (IC301): Optical disc controller

1.Terminal layout



2.Block diagram



3.Pin function

MN103007BGA(1/4)

			MN103007BGA(1/4)
Pin NO.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	HDD15	I/O	ATAPI data
2	HDD0	I/O	ATAPI data
3	HDD14	I/O	ATAPI data
4	5VDD		
5	HDD1	I/O	ATAPI data
6	HDD13	I/O	ATAPI data
7	HDD2	I/O	ATAPI data
8	VSS		
9	HDD12	I/O	ATAPI data
10	VDD		
11	HDD3	I/O	ATAPI data
12	HDD11	I/O	ATAPI data
13	HDD4	1/0	ATAPI data
14	HDD10	I/O	ATAPI data
15 16	5VDD HDD5	I/O	ATAPI data
17	HDD9	1/0	ATAPI data
18	VSS	1/0	ATAPI data
19	HDD6	I/O	ATAPI data
20	HDD8	1/0	ATAPI data
21	HDD7	1/0	ATAPI data
22	5VDD	"	7 II / I data
23	NRESET	1 1	ATAPI reset
24	MASTER	I/O	ATAPI master / slave selection
25	NINT0	0	System control interruption 0
26	NINT1	0	System control interruption 1
27	WAITODC	0	System control weight control
28	NMRST	0	System control reset
29	DASPST	I	DASP signal initializing
30	VDD		
31	OSCO2	I,O	VSS connection,OPEN
32	OSCI2	I,O	VSS connection,OPEN
33	UATASEL	I	VSS connection
34	VSS		
35	PVSSDRAM		
36	PVDDDRAM		
37	CPUADR17		System control address
38	CPUADR16	l	System control address
39	VSS	 	O also as a deal address
40	CPUADR15	 	System control address
41	CPUADR14	!	System control address
42	CPUADR13		System control address
43	CPUADR12		System control address
44	VDD	+ , +	System control address
45	CPUADR11	I	System control address

MN103007BGA(2/4)

			MN103007BGA(2/4)
Pin NO.	Symbol	I/O	Function
46	CPUADR10	ı	System control address
47	CPUADR9	i	System control address
48	CPUADR8	i	System control address
49	CPUADR7	i	System control address
50	CPUADR6	i	System control address
51	CPUADR5	i	System control address
52	CPUADR4	i	System control address
53	CPUADR3	i	System control address
54	CPUADR2	i	System control address
55	CPUADR1	l	System control address
56	VSS		GND
57	CPUADR0	1	System control address
58	NCS	i	System control chip select
59	NWR	i	System control write
60	NRD	i	System control read
61	VDD	•	Apply 3V
62	CPUDT7		System control data
63	CPUDT6		System control data
64	PVPPDRAM	0	C=10000PF is connected between VSS
65	PTESTDRAM	ı	VSS connected
66	PVDDDRAM	•	
67	PVSSDRAM		
68	CPUDT5		System control data
69	CPUDT4		System control data
70	CPUDT3		System control data
71	VSS		GND
72	CPUDT2		System control data
73	CPUDT1	I/O	System control data
74	CPUDT0	I/O	System control data
75	CLKOUT1	0	16.9/11.2/8.45MHz clock
76	VDD		Apply 3V
77	TEHLD	0	Mirror gate
78	DTRO	0	Data part frequency control switch
79	IDGT	0	Part CAPA switch
80	BDO	Ī	RF dropout / BCA data of making to binary
81	CPDET2	1	Outer side CAPA detection
82	CPDET1	<u> </u>	Side of surroundings on inside
83	VSS	•	GND
84	MMOD	I	VSS connected
85	NRST	<u> </u>	System reset
86	VDD	-	Apply 3V
87	CLKOUT2	0	16.9MHz clock
88	PLLOK	0	Frame mark detection
89	IDHOLD	0	ID gate for tracking holding
90	JMPINH	0	Jump prohibition

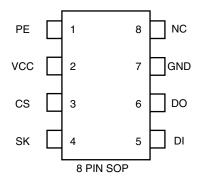
			MN103007BGA(3/4)		
Pin NO.	Symbol	I/O	Function		
91	LG	0	Land / group switch		
92	NTRON	ı	Tracking ON		
93	DACDATA	0	Serial output		
94	DACLRCK	0	L and R identification output		
95	DACCLK	ı	Clock for serial output		
96	IPFLAG	ı	Interpolation flag input		
97	BLKCK	ı	Sub-code,Block clock input		
98	LRCK	ı	L and R identification signal output		
99	VSS		Ŭ i		
100	OSCI1	I,O	16.9MHz oscillation		
101	OSCO1	I,O	16.9MHz oscillation		
102	VDD				
103	PVSS				
104	PVDD				
105	P1	I/O	Terminal MASTER polarity switch input		
106	P0	1/0	CIRC-RAM OVER/UNDER		
100		"	Interruption signal input		
107	VSS		The fraption signal input		
108	SBCK	0	Sub-code, Clock output for serial input		
109	SUBC	Ī	Sub-code, Serial input		
110	XCLDCK	i i	Sub-code, Frame clock input		
111	CHCK4	<u>'</u>	Read clock to DAT3~0		
111	CHOR4	'	(Output of dividing frequency four from ADSC)		
112	DAT3		Read data from DISC		
113	DAT2		(Parallel output from ADSC)		
114	DAT2 DAT1		(i arailei output iioiii ADSO)		
115	DAT1	'			
116	VDD				
117	SCLOCK	I/O	Debugging serial clock		
117	SCLOCK	"			
118	CDATA	I/O	(270 Ω pull up)		
110	SDATA	1/0	Debugging serial data		
110	MONIO	0	(270Ω pull up)		
119	MONI3	0	Internal goods title monitor		
120	MONI2				
121	MONIO	0			
122	MONI0				
123	VSS	,	Figure data stice		
124	NEJECT	ı	Eject detection		
125	5VDD		To advantation's		
126	NTRYCL	1/0	Tray close detection		
127	NDASP	I/O	ATAPI Drive active/		
	NOCCENT		Slave connection I/O		
128	NCS3FX	<u> </u>	ATAPI host chip select		
129	NCS1FX	l	ATAPI host chip select		
130	VDD				
131	DA2	1/0			
132	DA0	I/O	ATAPI host address		

MN103007BGA(4/4)

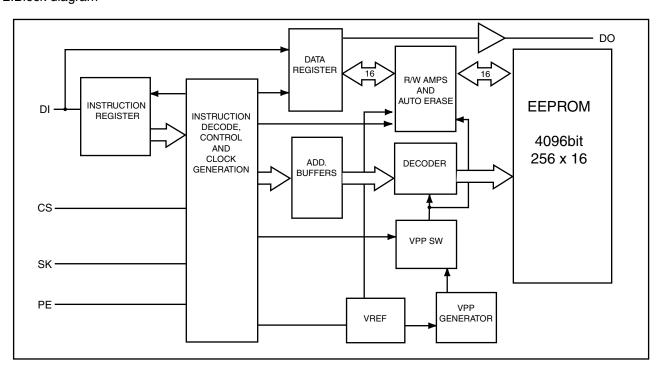
Pin NO.	Symbol	I/O	Function
133	NPDIAG	I/O	ATAPI slave master diagnosis input
134	VSS		
135	DA1	I/O	ATAPI host address
136	NIOCS16	0	ATAPI output of selection of width of host data bus
137	INTRQ	0	ATAPI host interruption output
138	5VDD		
139	NDMACK	-	ATAPI host DMA response
140	IORDY	0	ATAPI host ready output
141	NIORD	-	ATAPI host read
142	VSS		
143	NIOWR	I/O	ATAPI host write
144	DMARQ	0	ATAPI host DMA demand

■ AK93C65AF-X (IC403) : EEPROM

1.Terminal layout



2.Block diagram



3.Pin function

Pin no.	Symbol	Function			
1	PE	Program enable (With built-in pull-up resistor)			
2	VCC	Power supply			
3	CS	Chip select			
4	SK	Serial clock input			
5	DI	Serial data input			
6	DO	Serial data output			
7	GND	Ground			
8	NC	No connection			

NOTE : The pull-up resistor of the PE pin is about 2.5M Ω (VCC=5V)

■ ZIVA3-PEO (IC501) : AV Decoder 1.Pin function

1.Pin function z_{IVA3-PEO} (1/5)

			ZIVA3-PEU (1/5)	
Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	
1	TEST PIN0	I/O	Programmable I/O pins.Input mode after reset.	
2	HDATA0		8-bit bi-derectional host data bus. writes data to the decoder Code FIFO via HDATA.	
3	HDATA1	I/O	MSB of the 32-bit word is written first. The host also reads and writes the decoder	
4	HDATA2		internal registers and local SDRAM via HDATA.	
-	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
6	HDATA3	1/0	8-bit bi-derectional host data bus. writes data to the decoder Code FIFO via HDATA.	
			MSB of the 32-bit word is written first. The host also reads and writes the decoder	
			internal registers and local SDRAM via HDATA.	
7	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
	HDATA4		8-bit bi-derectional host data bus, writes data to the decoder Code FIFO via HDATA.	
-	HDATA5		MSB of the 32-bit word is written first. The host also reads and writes the decoder	
-	HDATA6	1/0	internal registers and local SDRAM via HDATA.	
-	HDATA7	"		
-	i vdd	_	2.5-V supply voltage for core logic.	
-	RST	1	Hardware reset. An external device asserts RESET(active LOW) to execute a decoder	
'	1101	.	hardware reset. To ensure proper initialization after power is stable, assert RESET for at	
			least 20 ms.	
14	i vss	_	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
	WAIT	0	Transfer not complate / data acknowledge. Active LOW to indicate host initiated transfer	
'3	VVAII	١ ٠	is not complate. WAIT is asserted after the falling edge of CS and reasserted when	
			decoder is ready to complate transfer cycle. Open drain signal, must be pulled-up via	
			1kW to 3.3 volts. Driven high for 10 ns before tristate.	
16	ĪNT	0	Host interrupt. Open drain signal, must be pulled-up via 4.7kW to 3.3 volts.	
16	IIN I	١	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
17	E 1/DD		Driven high for 10 ns before tristate.	
	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals. Connected to TP540	
	ARAM OE	-		
-	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
-	ARAM WE	-	Connected to TP541	
-	ARAM DATAO			
	ARAM DATA1		Not seed	
-	ARAM DATA2		Not used	
	ARAM DATA3	-	(Programmable I/O pins. Input mode after reset)	
-	ARAM DATA4			
	ARAM DATA5			
	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
-	ARAM DATA6	-	Not used (Programmable I/O pins. Input mode after reset)	
	EVSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
-	ARAM DATA7	-	Not used (Programmable I/O pins. Input mode after reset)	
	ARAM ADDR0	-	Connected to TP550	
	ARAM ADDR1	-	Connected to TP551	
-	ARAM ADDR2	-	Connected to TP552	
	ARAM ADDR3	-	Connected to TP553	
	ARAM ADDR4	-	Connected to TP554	
	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
	ARAM ADDR5	-	Connected to TP555	
-	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
-	ARAM ADDR6	-	Connected to TP556	
	i vdd	-	2.5-V supply voltage for core logic.	
14	ARAM ADDR7	- 1	Connected to TP557	
41	ALIAM ADDIT		Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	

			ZIVA3-PEO (2/5)	
Pin No.	Symbol	1/0	Function	
43	ARAM ADDR8	-	Connected to TP558	
44	ARAM ADDR9	-	Connected to TP559	
45	ARAM ADDR10	-	Connected to TP560	
46	ARAM ADDR11	- 1	Connected to TP561	
47	E VDD	- 1	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
48	ARAM ADDR12	- 1	Connected to TP562	
49	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
50	ARAM ADDR13	-	Connected to TP563	
51	ARAM ADDR14	-	Connected to TP564	
52	TEST PIN1	I/O	Programmable I/O pins. Input mode after reset	
53	MDATA 15	I/O	Memory data	
54	MDATA 0	I/O	Memory data	
55	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
56	MDATA 14	I/O	Memory data.	
57	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
58	MDATA 1			
59	MDATA 13	I/O	Memory data.	
60	MDATA 2			
61	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
62	MDATA 12	I/O	Memory data.	
63	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
64	MDATA 3	I/O	Memory data.	
65	i vdd	-	2.5-V supply voltage for core logic.	
66	MDATA 11	I/O	Memory data.	
67	i vss	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
68	MDATA 4	I/O	Memory data.	
69	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
70 71	MDATA 10	I/O	Memory data.	
72	E VSS MDATA 5	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
73		.,,	Marsayuudata	
74	MDATA 9 MDATA 6	I/O	Memory data.	
75	E VDD		2.2. V aumply valtage for I/O aignale	
76	MDATA 8	1/0	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals. Memory data.	
77	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
78	MDATA 7	1/0	Memory data.	
79	LDQM	0	SDRAM LDQM.	
80	UDQM	ŏ	SDRAM UDQM.	
81	E VDD		3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
82	MWE	0	SDRAM write enable. Decoder asserts active LOW to request a write operation to the	
			SDRAM array.	
83	E VSS	- 1	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
84	SD CLK	0	SDRAM system clock.	
85	SD CAS	ō	Active LOW SDRAM column address.	
86	SD RAS	Ō	Active LOW SDRAM row address.	
87	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/o signals.	
88	SD CS1	0	Active LOW SDRAM bank select.	
89	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
90	SD CS0	0	Active LOW SDRAM bank select.	
91	i vdd	-	2.5-V supply voltage for core logic.	
92	EDO CAS	-	Connected to TP511	
	i vss	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
94	EDO RAS	-	Connected to TP512	
95	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
96	MADDR 9	0	Memory address.	
97	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
98	MADDR 11	0	Memory address.	

ZIVA3-PEO (3/5)

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	
	MADDR8	0	Memory address.	
	MADDR10			
	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
	MADDR 7	0	Memory address.	
	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
	MADDR 0		on our recording to the state of organization	
-	MADDR 6	0	Memory address.	
	MADDR 1		,	
	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
	MADDR 5	0	Memory address.	
	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
110	MADDR 2		<u> </u>	
111	MADDR 4	0	Memory address.	
112	MADDR 3		·	
113	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
114	MADDR 12	-	Connected to TP513	
115	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
116	MADDR 13	-	Connected to TP514	
117	i vdd	-	2.5-V supply voltage for core logic.	
118	MADDR 14	-	Connected to TP515	
-	i vss	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
	MADDR 15	-	Connected to TP516	
	MADDR 16	-	Connected to TP517	
	MADDR 17	-	Connected to TP518	
	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
	MADDR 18	-	Connected to TP519	
	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
	MADDR 19	-	Connected to TP520	
-	MADDR 20	-	Connected to TP521	
	ROM CS	-	Connected to TP522	
		I/O	Programmable I/O pins. Input mode after reset.	
	OSD CLK	-	Connected to TP523	
	OSD DATA0	-	Connected to TP525	
-	OSD DATA1	-	Connected to TP526	
	TEST PIN3	I/O	Programmable I/O pins. Input mode after reset.	
	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
	OSD DATA2	-	Connected to TP528	
	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
	OSD DATA3	-	Connected to TP529	
-	TEST PIN4		Programmable I/O pins. Input mode after reset.	
	OSD BLK1	-	Connected to TP531	
	OSD VC1	-	Connected to TP532	
		1/0	Programmable I/O pins.Input mode after reset.	
	VDATA0	0	Video data bus. Byte serial CbYCrY data synchronous with VCLK. At power-up,	
143	VDATA1		the decoder does not drive VDATA. During boot-up, the decoder uses configuration	
	الماما		parameters to drive or 3-state VDATA	
-	i vdd	-	2.5-V supply voltage for core logic.	
145	VDATA2	0	Video data bus. Byte serial CbYCrY data synchronous with VCLK. At power-up,	
			the decoder does not drive VDATA. During boot-up, the decoder uses configuration	
			parameters to drive or 3-state VDATA	
	i vss	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
		1/0	Programmable I/O pins. Input mode after reset.	
148	VDATA3	0	Video data bus. Byte serial CbYCrY data synchronous with VCLK. At power-up,	
			the decoder does not drive VDATA. During boot-up, the decoder uses configuration	
			parameters to drive or 3-state VDATA	

ZIVA3-PEO (4/5)

			ZIVA3-PEO (4/5)		
Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function		
149	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.		
150	VDATA4	0	Video data bus. Byte serial CbYCrY data synchronous with VCLK. At power-up,		
			the decoder does not drive VDATA. During boot-up, the decoder uses configuration		
			parameters to drive or 3-state VDATA		
151	E VSS	- 1	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.		
152	VDATA5	0	Video data bus. Byte serial CbYCrY data synchronous with VCLK. At power-up,		
	V D/ (1/ (0		the decoder does not drive VDATA. During boot-up, the decoder uses configuration		
			parameters to drive or 3-state VDATA		
153	TEST PIN7	I/O	Programmable I/O pins. Input mode after reset.		
154	VDATA6	0	Video data bus. Byte serial CbYCrY data synchronous with VCLK. At power-up,		
155	VDATA7		the decoder does not drive VDATA. During boot-up, the decoder uses configuration		
133	VDAIAI		parameters to drive or 3-state VDATA		
156	TEST PIN8	I/O	Programmable I/O pins. Input mode after reset.		
157	HSYNC	1/0	Horizontal sync. The decoder begins outputting pixel data for a new horizontal line		
137	HISTING	"	after the falling (active) edge of HSYNC.		
158	VSYNC	I/O	Vertical sync.Bi-directional, the decoder outputs the top border of a new field on the		
136	VSTNC	"			
			first HSYNC aftre the falling edge of VSYNC. VSYNC can accept vertical		
			synchronization or top/bottom field notification from an external source.		
450	150.050		(VSYNC HIGH = bottom field. VSYNC LOW = Top field)		
159	IEC 958	0	Bistream data in IEC-1937 or PCM data out in IEC-958 format.		
160	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.		
161	DA DATA0	0	PCM data out, eight channels. Serial audio samples relative to DA-BCK clock.		
162	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.		
163	DA DATA1				
164	DA DATA2	0	PCM data out, eight channels. Serial audio samples relative to DA-BCK clock.		
165	DA DATA3				
166	DA LRCK	0	PCM left-right clock. Identifies the channel for each audio sample. the polarity is		
			programmable.		
167	DA BCK	0	PCM bit clock. Divided by 8 from DA-XCK can be either 48 or 32 times the sampling		
			clock.		
168	i vdd	-	2.5-V supply voltage for core logic.		
169	DA XCK	I/O	Audio master frequency clock. Used to generate DA-BCK and DA-LRCK. DA-XCK can		
			be eigher 384 or 256 times the sampling frequency.		
170	i vss	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.		
171	DAI DATA		PCM input data. two channels. Serial audio samples relative to DAI-BCK clock.		
172	DAI LRCK		PCM input left-right clock.		
173	DAI BCK		PCM input bit clock.		
174	TEST PIN9	I/O	Programmable I/O pins. Input mode after reset.		
175	CLK SEL		Clock Select: Internal = VDD, External = VSS		
176	A vdd	-	3.3-V analog supply voltage.		
177	VCLK	1	Video clock. Clocks out data on input. VDATA7. Clock is typically 27 MHz.		
178	SYSCLK		System clock.Decoder requires external 27 MHz TTL oscilator.		
			Drive with the same 27-MHz as VCK.		
179	A vss	-	Analog ground for PLL		
180	DVD DATA0	П	Serial CD data. This pin is shared with DVD compressed data DVD-DATA0.		
			·		
181	E VDD	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.		
182	DVD DATA1	ı	Programmable polarity 16-bit word synchronization to the decoder		
			(right channel HIGH). This pin is shared with DVD compressed data DVD-DATA1.		
183	E-VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.		
184	DVD DATA2		CD bit clock. Decoder accept multiple BCK rates. This pin is shared with DVD		
`			compressed data DVD-DATA2.		
185	DVD DATA3		Asserted HIGH indicates a corrupted byte. Decoder keeps the previous valid picture		
	J.D DITIAU		on-screen unit the next valid picture is decoded. This pin is shares with DVD		
			compressed data DVD-DATA3.		
			Compressed data DVD-DATAG.		

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	
186	DVD DATA4	Т	DVD parallel compressed data from DVD DSP. When DVD DSP sends 32-bit words, it must write	
187	DVD DATA5		the MSB first.	
188	DVD DATA6			
189	DVD DATA7			
190	TEST PIN10	I/O	Programmable I/O pins. Input mode after reset.	
191	V REQUEST	0	Video request. Decoder asserts VREQUEST to indicate that the video input buffer has available	
			space.Polarity is programmable.	
192	V STROBE	Τ	Video strobe. Programmable dual mode pulse. Asynchronous and synchronous. In Asynchronous	
			mode, an external source pulses VSTROBE to indicate data is ready for transfer. In synchronous	
			mode VSTROBE clock data.	
193	i vdd	-	3.3-V supply voltage for I/O signals.	
194	A REQUEST	-	Connected to TP539	
195	i vss	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
196	V DACK	1	In synchronous mode, Video data acknowledge. Asserted when DVD data is valid.Polarity is	
			programmable.	
197	E VDD	-	2.5-V supply voltage for core logic.	
198	SECT-SYNC		Host write	
199	E VSS	-	Ground for core logic and I/O signals.	
200	ERROR	Ι	Error in input data. If ERROR signal is not available from the DSP it must be grounded.	
201	HOST8 SEL	ı	Always Ttie to VDD-3.3	
202	HADDR0			
203	HADDR1	1	Host address bus. 3-bit address bus selects one of eight host interface registers.	
204	HADDR2			
205	DTACK SEL	ı	Tie HIGH to select WAIT signal, LOW to select DTACK signal (Motorola 68K mode).	
206	CS	I	Host chip select. Host asserts CS to select the decoder for a read or write operation. The falling	
			edge of this signal triggers the read or write operation.	
207	R/W	I	Read/write strobe in M mode. write strobe in I mode. Host asserts R/W LOW to select write and	
			LOW to select read.	
208	RD		Read strobe in I mode. Must be held HIGH in M Mode	

■ MC44724AVFU (IC554) : VIDEO ENCODER CVBS/Cb/B2Vdd C/Cr/R2Vdd Y/G2Vdd **□**F/Vsync Hsync 1.Terminal Layout 2.Block Diagrams]EXT 64 Y/G1Vdd CVBS/Cb/B1Vdd C/Cr/R1Vdd Y/G1 C/Cr/R1Vdd ChipA DVdd DVdd D 48 1 Sync_ generator CCwss gen DVss 🗖 0 1≥ DVss □ 33 16 CVBS/Cb/B1 CVBS/Cb/B1 C/Cr/R1 DAC 17 32 H.V _Y off_set 0 🔼 DVIN[7:0] **┌** DEMAX TP[8:1] 0_ C/Cr/R1 Vref1 iBIAS1 TVIN Output Selector TP[0]IN sub carrier gen ☐ Y/G2 ☐ Y/G2 ☐ CVBS/Cb/B2 ☐ CVBS/Cb/B2 0⊒⊠ RGB matrix C/Cr/R2 C/Cr/R2 0-1 DAC Vref2 Ibias DAVdd DAVss Clock [Reset [**TEST** 12C / SPI PAL/NTSC | SDA/SI SO SCL/SCK SEL TEST

3.Pin function

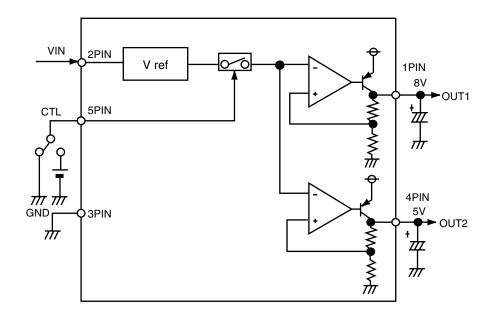
No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	
1	CVBS/Cb/B	0	Analog composite drive signal (+)	33	SD	-	Non connect	
2	CVBS/Cb/B	0	Analog composite drive signal (-)	34	SDA/SI	Ι	SPI Mode : Serial data input	
3	CVBS/Cb/B Vdd	-	Power supply for CVBS/Cb/B DAC1	35	SCL/SCK	I	Serial clock input	
4	Y/G	0	Analog brightness signal/G drive signal (+)	36	SEL	ı	Power supply for serial data,chip select,digital	
5	Y/G	0	Analog brightness signal/G drive signal (-)	37	DVdd		Power supply for digital circuit	
6	Y/G /Vdd	-	Power supply for Y/G DAC	38	DVss		Digital ground	
7	C/Cr/R	0	Analog chroma signal (+)	39	DVIN7	I/O	Y data input / test data I/O	
8	C/Cr/R	0	Analog chroma signal (-)	40	DVIN6	I/O	Y data input / test data I/O	
9	C/Cr/R Vdd	-	Power supply for C/Cr/RDAC	41	DVIN5	I/O	Y data input / test data I/O	
10	DAVss	-	Connect to ground for DAC	42	DVIN4	I/O	Y data input / test data I/O	
11	TBIAS1	0	Standard BIAS for DAC1	43	DVIN3	I/O	Y data input / test data I/O	
12	Vref1	-	Standard voltage for DAC1	44	DVIN2	0	Y data input / test data I/O	
13	DAVdd	-	Power supply for DAC	45	DVIN1	0	Y data input / test data I/O	
14	Vref2	-	Standard voltage for DAC2	46	DVIN0	0	Y data input / test data I/O	
15	TBIAS2	0	Standard BIAS for DAC2	47	TVIN	_	VIDEO mute on Reset(0:nomal, 1:mute)	
16	NC	-	Non connect	48	EXT	0	Frame output / VBI information input	
17	CVBS/Cb/B	0	Analog composite drive signal (+)	49	F/Vsync	0	Frame / Vertical, synchronous I/O	
18	CVBS/Cb/B	0	Analog composite drive signal (-)	50	Hsync	I/O	The horizontal, synchronous I/O	
19	CVBS/Cb/B Vdd	-	Power supply for CVBS/Cb/B DAC2	51	DATST	_	Data input	
20	Y/G	0	Analog brightness signal/G drive signal (+)	52	TP8	I/O	Multiplex data input	
21	Y/G	0	Analog brightness signal/G drive signal (-)	53	TP7	I/O	Multiplex data input	
22	Y/G Vdd	-	Power supply for Y/G DAC	54	TP6	I/O	Multiplex data input	
23	C/Cr/R	0	Analog chroma signal (+)	55	TP5	I/O	Multiplex data input	
24	C/Cr/R	0	Analog chroma signal (-)	56	DVss	ı	Ground for digital circuit	
25	C/Cr/R Vdd	-	Power supply for C/Cr/RDAC2	57	DVdd	-	Power supply for digital circuit	
26	ChipA	-	Chip address selection	58	TP4	1/0	Data input / Test data I/O	
27	TEST	Ι	Connect to test pin	59	TP3	I/O	Data input / Test data I/O	
28	DVss	-	Digital ground	60	TP2	1/0	Data input / Test data I/O	
29	CLOCK	ı	Clock signal input (27MHz)	61	TP1	1/0	Data input / Test data I/O	
30	DVdd	-	Power supply for digital circuit	62	TP0	1/0	Data input / Test data I/O	
31	Reset	ı	Reset signal input L:ON	63	DLVdd	ı	Power supply for D/A converter	
32	PAL/NTSC	I	Selection NTSC/PAL NTSC:L PAL:H	64	DLVss	-	Ground for D/A converter	
	I .		I.					

■ MN102L25GHB (IC401) : UNIT CPU 1.Pin function

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function	Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	WAIT	ı	Micon wait signal input	51	FGIN		Photo input
2	RE	Ō	Read enable	52	-	-	Non connect
3	MUTE	0	Driver mute	53	ADSCEN	0	Serial enable signal for ADSC
4	WEM	0	Write enable	54	VDD	- 1	Non connect
5	CS0	0	Non connect	55	FEPEN	0	Serial enable signal for FEP
6	CS1	0	Chip select for ODC	56	SLEEP	0	Standby signal for FEP
7	CS2	0	Chip select for ZIVA	57	BUSY	П	Communication busy
8	CS3	0	Chip select for outer ROM	58	REQ	0	Communication Request
9	FGCONT	0	Photo control	59	CIRCEN	0	CIRC command select
10	/SPKICK	0	Spin kick	60	HSSEEK	0	Seek select
11	LSIRST	0	LSI reset	61	VSS	-	Power supply
12	WORD	0	Bus selection input	62	EPCS	0	EEPROM chip select
13	A0	0	Address bus 0 for CPU	63	EPSK	0	EEPROM clock
14	A1	0	Address bus 1 for CPU	64	DPDI	П	EEPROM data input
15	A2	0	Address bus 2 for CPU	65	EPDO	0	EEPROM data output
16	A3	0	Address bus 3 for CPU	66	VDD	-	Power supply
17	VDD	-	Power supply	67	SCLK0	I	Communication clock
18	SYSCLK	0	System clock signal output	68	S2UDT	ı	Communication input data
19	VSS	-	Power supply	69	U2SDT	0	Communication output data
20	XI	-	Non connect	70	CPSCK	0	Clock for ADSC serial
21	XO	-	Non connect	71	SDIN		ADSC serial data input
22	VDD	-	Power supply	72	SDOUT	0	ADSC serial data output
23	OSCI	I	Clock signal input(13.5MHz)	73	•	-	Non connect
24	OSCO	0	Clock signal output(13.5MHz)	74	•	-	Non connect
25	MODE	I	CPU Mode selection input	75	NMI	-	Non connect
26	A4	0	Address bus 4 for CPU	76	ADSCIRQ	ı	Interrupt input of ADSC
27	A5	0	Address bus 5 for CPU	77	ODCIRQ	ı	Interrupt input of ODC
28	A6	0	Address bus 6 for CPU	78	DECIRQ		Interrupt input of ZIVA
29	A7	0	Address bus 7 for CPU	79	WAKEUP	0	Non connect
30	A8	0	Address bus 8 for CPU	80	ODCIRQ2		Non connect
31	A9	0	Address bus 9 for CPU	81	ADSEP		Address data selection input
32	A10	0	Address bus 10 for CPU	82	RST		Reset input
33	A11	0	Address bus 11 for CPU	83	VDD	-	Power supply
34	VDD	-	Power supply	84	TEST1		Test signal 1 input
35	A12	0	Address bus 12 for CPU	85	TEST2		Test signal 2 input
36	A13	0	Address bus 13 for CPU	86	TEST3		Test signal 3 input
37	A14	0	Address bus 14 for CPU	87	TEST4		Test signal 4 input
38	A15	0	Address bus 15 for CPU	88	TEST5		Test signal 5 input
39	A16	0	Address bus 16 for CPU	89	TEST6		Test signal 6 input
40	A17	0	Address bus 17 for CPU	90	TEST7		Test signal 7 input
41	A18	0	Address bus 18 for CPU	91	TEST8		Test signal 8 input
42	A19	0	Address bus 19 for CPU	92	VSS	-	Power supply
43	VSS	-	Power supply	93	D0	I/O	Data bus 0 of CPU
44	A20	0	Address bus 20 for CPU	94	D1	1/0	Data bus 1 of CPU
45	TXSEL	0	TX Select	95	D2	1/0	Data bus 2 of CPU
46	TMPSN	0	Non connect	96	D3	1/0	Data bus 3 of CPU
47		-	Non connect	97	D4	1/0	Data bus 4 of CPU
48	ADPD	0	AD Power down	98	D5	1/0	Data bus 5 of CPU
49	-	-	Non connect	99	D6	1/0	Data bus 6 of CPU
50	TRVSW	ı	Detection switch of traverse	100	D7	I/O	Data bus 7 of CPU
			inside				

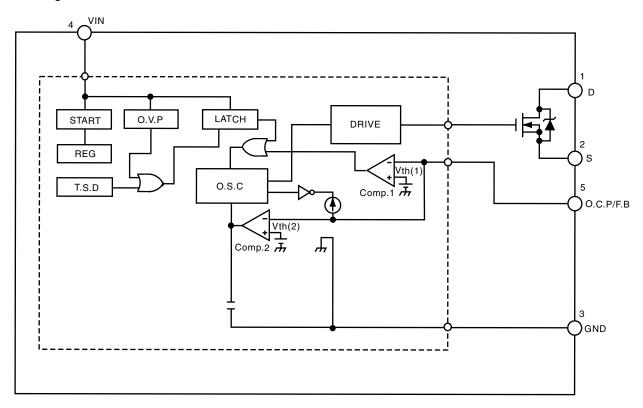
■ BA41W12ST-V5 (IC711) : Regulator

1.Block diagrams



■ STR-G6651 (IC901) : Switch regulator

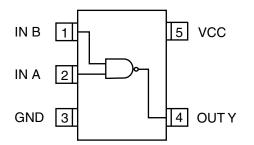
1.Block diagrams



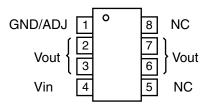
■ TC7SH08FU-X (IC311) : Timing control

■ MC33269D (IC555) : Regulator

1.Terminal layout

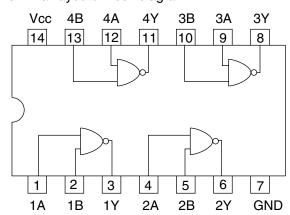


1.Terminal layout



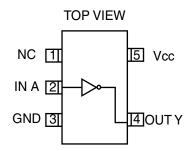
■ TC74VHC00FT-X (IC322,IC503): Write timing control

1.Terminal layout / Block diagram



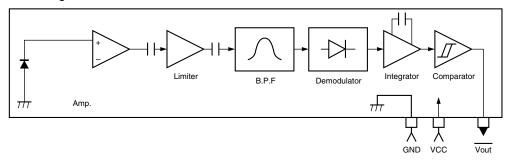
■ TC7SHU04FU-X (IC371,IC372) : Clock generator

1.Terminal layout



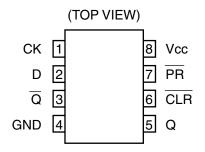
■ GP1U271X (IC801) : Receiver for remote controller

1.Block diagram

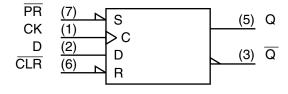


■ TC7WH74FU-X (IC321,IC374) : Clock buffer

1.Terminal layout



2.Block diagram

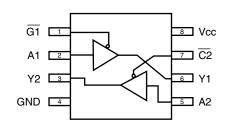


■ TC7W125FU-X (IC452) : Buffer

1. Terminal layout



2. Block diagram



■ MSM531622F75G-X (IC402) : 1M x 16bit or 2M x 8bit ROM

1.Terminal layout

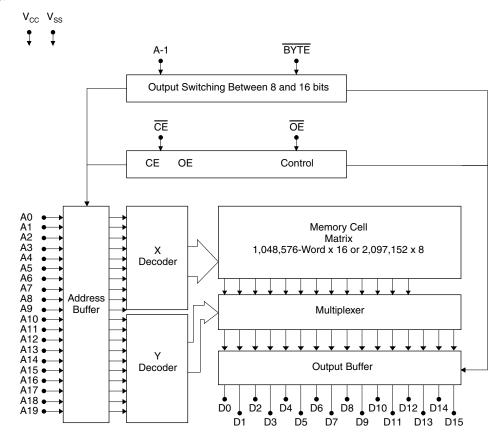
44 NC NC 1 43 A19 A18 2 42 A8 A17 3 41 A9 A7 4 40 A10 A6 5 39 A11 A5 6 A4 7 38 A12 A3 8 37 A13 36 A14 A2 9 A1 10 35 A15 A0 11 34 A16 CE 12 33 BYTE V_{SS} 13 32 V_{SS} OE 14 31 D15/A-1 D0 15 30 D7 29 D14 D8 16 D1 17 28 D6 27 D13 D9 18 26 D5 D2 19 D10 20 25 D12 24 D4 D3 21 D11 22 23 V_{CC}

44 PIN SOP

3.Pin function

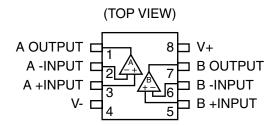
Pin Name	Function
D15/A-1	Data output / address input
A0 to A19	Address input
D0 to D15	Data output
CE	Chip enable
ŌĒ	Output enable
BYTE	Mode switch
V _{CC} , V _{SS}	Power supply
NC	No Connect

2.Block diagram



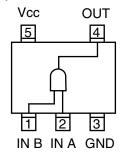
■ NJM4580M-X (IC741,IC751) : Dual Operational Amplifier

1.Terminal layout



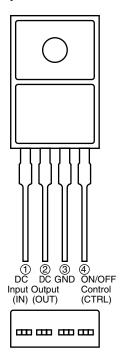
■ TC7S07F-W (IC704): 2 Input Single AND Gate

1.Terminal layout



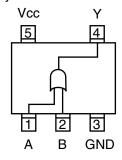
■ PQ05RD21 (IC951) : Regulator

1.Terminal layout



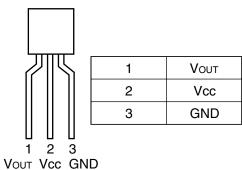
■ TC7SH32FU-X (IC312) : 2 Input Single OR Gate

1.Terminal layout



■ IC-PST9140-T (IC702): SYSTEM RESET

1.Terminal layout





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